Stage 4 Archaeological Mitigation of The Thompson Site: AiGw-428 Lot 14, Concession 1 NDS Town of Oakville Regional Municipality of Halton Ontario

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Archeoworks Inc. was retained by Great Gulf Group of Companies, of Toronto, Ontario, to conduct a Stage 1-2 archaeological assessment to facilitate the construction of a proposed residential subdivision, located in the Town of Oakville, Regional Municipality of Halton, within part of Lots 13&14, Concession 1 North of Dundas Street (NDS). Additionally, Archeoworks Inc. was retained to conduct the Stage 3 assessment for a Euro-Canadian homestead site, named the Thompson Site: AiGw-428.

The Thompson Site (AiGw-428) was discovered by means of pedestrian survey during the Stage 1-2 archaeological assessment conducted by *Archeoworks Inc.*, in May of 2004. A Stage 3 assessment was undertaken in May of 2005, covering an area approximately 30 by 40 metres in size. A total of 607 artifacts were recovered during the Stage 2 and 3 assessments of the Thompson Site (AiGw-428). According to the archival information, the lot was first purchased by James Thompson in 1808 and remained in the family throughout the time period in question, and thus this site is likely associated with the Thompson family. Upon completion of the Stage 3 assessment, *Archeoworks Inc.* was further retained to conduct the Stage 4 mitigation of the Thompson Site (AiGw-428). The Stage 4 mitigation was conducted during the month of July 2006 under the project and field direction of Ms. Kim Slocki. This study was conducted in accordance with the *Ontario Heritage Act* (1990).

Stage 4 mitigations began with the removal of approximately 1330 square metres of topsoil over the site area, under the supervision of Ms. Kim Slocki. In total, 13 "stains"/features were encountered on site of which 12 were cultural. The 12 features can be grouped into the categories of post molds, undifferentiated pits, structural features and hearths. The cultural features were defined more precisely with shovel and trowel and were recorded within a five metre square grid tied to an arbitrary datum designation 300-500. These features were cross-sectioned, and where necessary, excavated in quadrants, to examine soil profiles and contents. In addition, feature plans and profiles were mapped at an appropriate scale and, in all cases, photographed. A description of each of the features is provided in this report.

The overall site assemblage, and the ceramic and nail assemblage in particular, recovered during the Stage 4 work on the Thompson Site support an 1830s to late 1840s occupation date for the site. Based on this archaeological information, the Thompsons appear to have used the land for domestic purposes for at least two decades, during the 1830s and 1840s, and for agricultural ones after c.1850. At the time of this homestead's occupation, they appear to have been of modest economic resources, living very much the life of the average early settler in Canada West.

On the basis of the results of the complete Stage 4 mitigations and extensive artifactual analysis outlined in this report, it is recommended that the Thompson Site (AiGw-428) be considered cleared of further archaeological consideration.

PROJECT PERSONNEL

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CONTENTS

Executive Summary	i
Project Personnel	ii
<u>Contents</u>	iii
<u>Introduction</u>	1
1.0 Summary of Stage 1-3 Archaeological Assessment	4
2.0 Stage 4 Mitigation	5-7
3.0 Material Culture Analysis	9-37
4.0 Conclusions & Recommendations	38
5.0 Bibliography	39-41
Figures:	
Figure 1: 1:50,000 Map Illustrating the Stage 1-2 Study Area	1
Figure 2: Stage 2 Assessment of Study area and Location of Thompson Site	2
Figure 3: Stage 3 Assessment of the Thompson Site	3
Figure 4: Stage 4 Site Plan of the Thompson Site	8
Tables:	
Table 1: Artifact Frequency by Feature	9
Table 2: Site Artifact Assemblage by Class	10
Table 3: Feature #5a Artifact Assemblage by Class	11-12
Table 4: Feature #5a Foodways Class by Group & Ware Type	14
Table 5: Feature #5a Ceramic Tableware by Decorative Type	16
Table 6: Feature #5b Artifact Assemblage by Class	22
Table 7: Feature #5c Artifact Assemblage by Class	23
Table 8: Feature #4 Artifact Assemblage by Class	25
Table 9: Feature #6 Artifact Assemblage by Class	30
Appendices:	
Appendix A: Catalogue of Recovered Artifacts	42-67
Appendix B: Abstract Index to Deeds	68
Appendix C: Feature Drawings	69-77
Appendix D: Plates 1-36	<i>78-94</i>

INTRODUCTION

Archeoworks Inc. was retained by Great Gulf Group of Companies, of Toronto, Ontario, to conduct a Stage 1-2 archaeological assessment to facilitate the construction of a proposed residential subdivision, located in the Town of Oakville, Regional Municipality of Halton, within part of Lots 13&14, Concession 1 North of Dundas Street (NDS) (Figures 1 and 2). Additionally, Archeoworks Inc. was retained to conduct the Stage 3 assessment for a Euro-Canadian homestead site, named the Thompson Site: AiGw-428 (Figure 3). Upon completion of the Stage 3 assessment, Archeoworks Inc. was further retained to conduct the Stage 4 mitigation of the Thompson Site (AiGw-428) (Figure 4).

The Stage 4 mitigation was conducted under the project and field direction of Ms. Kim Slocki, archaeological licence P029, during the month of July 2006. The weather throughout the Stage 4 investigation varied from overcast conditions to sunny, with temperatures ranging anywhere from 22 to 33°C. This study was conducted in accordance with the *Ontario Heritage Act* (1990).

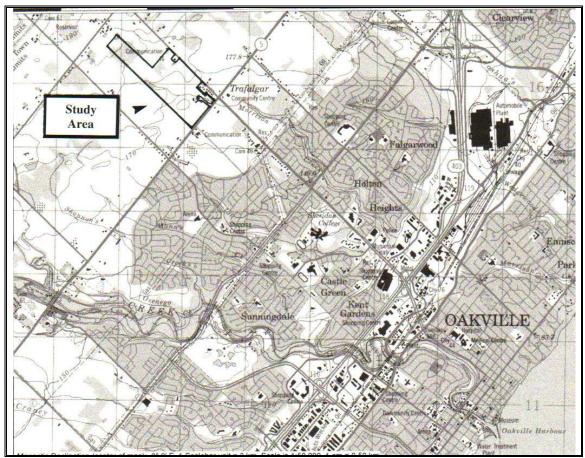
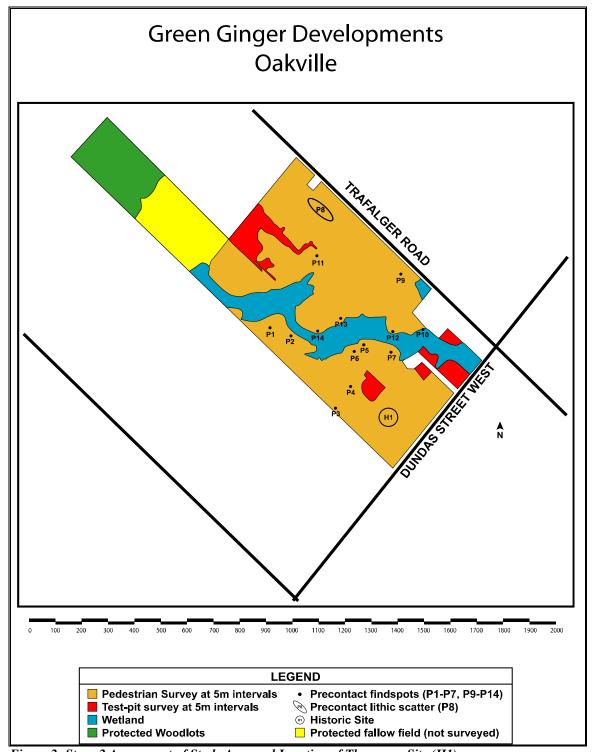


Figure 1: 1:50,000 Map Illustrating the Stage 1-2 Study Area (Hamilton/Burlington 30 M/05)



<u>Figure 2</u>: Stage 2 Assessment of Study Area and Location of Thompson Site (H1)

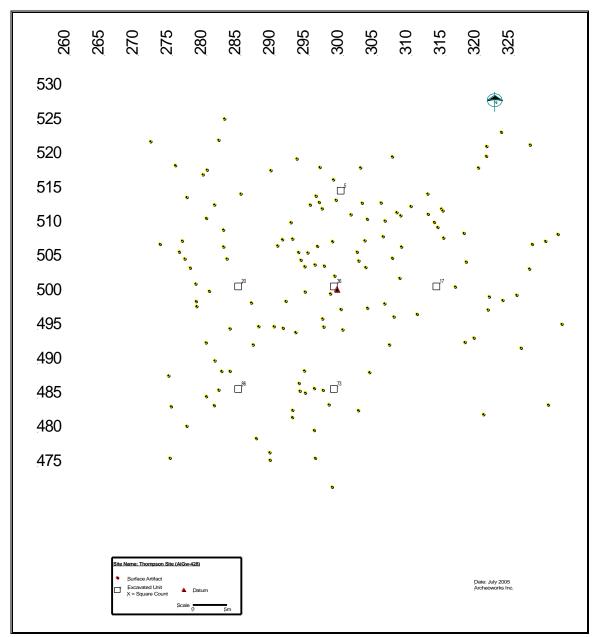


Figure 3: Stage 3 Assessment of the Thompson Site

1.0 SUMMARY OF STAGE 1-3 ARCHAEOLOGICAL ASSESSMENTS

The Thompson Site (AiGw-428) was discovered by means of pedestrian survey during the Stage 1-2 archaeological assessment conducted by Archeoworks Inc., in May of 2004. The site was encountered approximately 145 metres north of Dundas Street West and 480 metres west of Trafalgar Road, within the southeast corner of Lot 14, Concession 1 NDS. A Stage 3 assessment was undertaken in May of 2005, covering an area approximately 30 by 40 metres in size. Further information, including a catalogue of the Stage 2 and 3 finds can be found in our report titled, "Stage 1-2 Archaeological Assessment of: A Proposed Subdivision and the Stage 3 Archaeological Assessments of: The Landing Site (AiGw-427) and The Thompson Site (AiGw-428), Green Ginger Developments, Part of Lots 13&14, Concession 1 North of Dundas Street, Town of Oakville, Regional Municipality of Halton, Ontario". A total of 607 artifacts were recovered during the Stage 2 and 3 assessments of the Thompson Site (AiGw-428). The most temporally diagnostic class in the material culture assemblage for this site, collected during our Stage 2 and 3 assessments, is the "Foodways" class, comprising over 70% (427/607) of the collection, most of it ceramic. The "Architectural" class comprises the next highest percentage of the overall site assemblage at almost 16% (97/607).

Based on the early dates of the surface finds, further historical research was undertaken at the *Archives of Ontario*. A review of the *1858 Tremaine Map for Halton Region*, as well as the Abstract Index to Deeds and Assessment Records was undertaken to try to place the artifacts in a specific historical context.

According to the 1858 Tremaine Map for Halton Region, the southeast part of Lot 14 was inhabited by James W. Thompson, however no structures were illustrated. In the 1877 Historical Atlas of Halton, the lot was inhabited by Mr. Papps, and one homestead was illustrated (close to the location of the scatter of artifacts). However, with the artifact collection ranging in date from the 1830s to the late 1840s, the site was likely associated with an earlier occupant. According to the archival information, the lot was first purchased by James Thompson in 1808 and remained in the family throughout the time period in question, and is likely associated with the Thompson family (see Appendix B).

Given that the option of protecting the Thompson Site (AiGw-428) was not available to *Great Gulf Group of Companies*, the site was subjected to a comprehensive salvage excavation under the project and field direction of Ms. Kim Slocki.

2.0 STAGE 4 MITIGATION

Stage 4 mitigations began with the removal of approximately 1330 square metres of topsoil over the site area by an operator from *Petrie and Sons* using a Mini Excavator under the supervision of Ms. Kim Slocki. The Stage 4 excavation occurred during the month of July, 2006. In total, 13 "stains"/features were encountered on site, of which 12 were cultural. The 12 features can be grouped into the categories of post molds, undifferentiated pits, structural features and hearths.

The cultural features, numbered one through nine, were defined more precisely with shovel and trowel and were recorded within a five metre square grid tied to an arbitrary datum designation 300-500 (*Figure 4*). These features were cross-sectioned, and where necessary excavated in quadrants, to examine soil profiles and contents. In addition, feature plans and profiles were mapped at an appropriate scale and, in all cases, photographed. The fill removed from each feature was screened through six-millimetre mesh to optimize the recovery of small artifacts and the artifacts were bagged with reference to the feature number. A description of each of the features is briefly discussed below.

Feature 1: Post mould

Feature 1, located in five-metre squares 290-515, measured 46 cm long, 20cm wide, and 21cm deep. Munsel: 10YR yellowish brown. No artifacts were recovered from this feature, however, wood remains were observed. This feature was sectioned into two halves and each was excavated separately. The profile was drawn and photographed.

Feature 2a: Undifferentiated pit

Feature 2a, located in five-metre square 290-515, measured 225cm long, 50cm wide, and 13cm deep. This feature contained 2 layers as described below:

Layer 1	Top layer. Munsel: 10YR 4/4 dark yellowish brown.
Layer 2	Bottom layer. Munsel: 10YR 4/6 dark yellow brown.

Artifacts recovered included building materials such as bricks and wood. This feature was sectioned into two halves and excavated separately. Additionally, the two layers were also excavated separately. The profile was drawn and photographed.

Feature 2b: Undifferentiated pit

Feature 2b, located in five-metre square 290-515, measured 525cm long, 250cm wide, 13cm deep. This feature contained 2 layers as described below:

Layer 1	Top layer. Munsel: 7.5YR 4/3 brown.
Layer 2	Bottom layer. Munsel: 7.5YR 5/6 strong brown.

Artifacts recovered included wood, nails, and ceramics. Large stone footings were uncovered in the north end of the feature. This feature was sectioned into two halves and excavated separately. Additionally, the two layers were also excavated separately.

However, exposure was incomplete due to flooding. The profile was drawn and photographed.

Feature 2c: Post mould

Feature 2c, located in five-metre square 290-515, measured 50cm long, 40cm wide, and 22cm deep. This feature was contained within the west half of Feature 2b. This feature contained 2 layers as described below:

Layer 1	Top layer contained wood fragments. Munsel: 10YR 3/4 dark yellowish brown.
Layer 2	Bottom layer. Munsel: 10YR 5/6 yellowish brown.

No artifacts were recovered, however wood remains were observed. This feature was sectioned into two halves and excavated separately. Additionally, the two layers were also excavated separately. The profile was drawn and photographed.

Feature 3: not a feature.

Feature 4: Wood lined structure

Feature 4, located within five-metre square 295-505, was 336cm long, 290cm wide, 21cm deep, and was identified as a wood lined structure with a wooden floor. This feature was square in plan, and was divided into four equal quadrants. The NE Quadrant A, and the SW Quadrant D were fully excavated; their profiles were drawn and photographed. In Quadrant D two layers were observed and are described below:

Quadrant	NE quadrant contained wood lining.	
A	Munsel: West wall 10YR 6/3 pale brown; South wall 10YR 6/3 pale	
	brown.	
Quadrant	SW quadrant contained wood lining and mortar.	
D Layer	Munsel: East wall, Layer 1: 7.5YR 5/2 brown. Layer 2: 7.5YR 7/4 pink.	
1&2	South wall, Layer 1: 7.5YR 5/2 brown. No second layer.	

Aritfacts uncovered included ceramics, nails, and wood fragments.

Feature 5: Wood lined structural remains and undifferentiated pits.

Feature 5, located within five-metre square 295-505, was 385cm long, 420cm wide, and 20cm deep. The eastern half of this feature was identified as a square wood line structure; on the western side were two associated, undifferentiated pits. The square component was divided into four equal quadrants, the SE quadrant A and NW quadrant D were fully excavated, and their profiles drawn and photographed. The associated pits were divided into four equal quadrants, the eastern-most Quadrant E and the middle Quadrant G were fully excavated, their profiles drawn and photographed.

Quadrant A	SE quadrant contained wood lining and a stone footing. Munsel: West wall 10YR 3/3 dark brown; North wall 10YR 3/3 dark brown.
	NW quadrant contained wood lining and a stone footing.
D	Munsel: East wall 7.5YR \$/2 brown; South wall 7.5YR 4/2 brown.

Quadrant	Eastern quadrant contained mortar and rocks. Munsel: North wall 7.5YR	
Е	4/4 brown.	
Quadrant	NW quadrant contained mortar and rocks.	
G	Munsel: North wall 7.5YR 3/3 dark brown; South wall 7.5YR 4/4 brown.	

Artifacts uncovered were ceramics, including a large broken pot, and building materials such as large rocks, mortar, and wood.

Feature 6: Wood lined structure with brick

Feature 6, mostly contained within the five-metre square 290-500, was 180cm long, 220cm wide and 34cm deep. It is identified as a woodlined structure comprised of many artefacts and building materials. Munsel: 7.5YR 4/3 brown. Artifacts uncovered included ceramic, bone, buttons, a coin, as well as building materials such as brick, nails, glass, slate, mortar, and wood lining. This feature was sectioned into two halves and excavated separately. The profile was drawn and photographed.

Feature 7: Hearth event

Feature 7, located within five-metre square 285-510, was 102cm long, 38cm wide, and 28cm deep. Munsel: 10YR 2/2 very dark brown. This feature is identified as a hearth event due to its ashy soil and the complete lack of artifacts within the feature. This feature was sectioned into two halves and excavated separately. The profile was drawn and photographed.

Feature 8: Undifferentiated pit

Feature 8, located in five-metre square 285-510, was 16cm long, 10cm wide, and 17cm deep. Munsel: 10YR 4/3 brown. This feature contained no artifacts, however wood remains were observed on the surface of the feature. This feature was sectioned into two halves and excavated separately. The profile was drawn and photographed.

Feature 9: Undifferentiated pit

Feature 9, located in the five-metre square 285-510, was 20cm long, 24cm wide, and 14cm deep. Munsel: 5YR 3/2 dark reddish brown. This feature contained no artifacts, however wood remains were observed on the surface of the feature. This feature was sectioned into two halves and excavated separately. The profile was drawn and photographed.

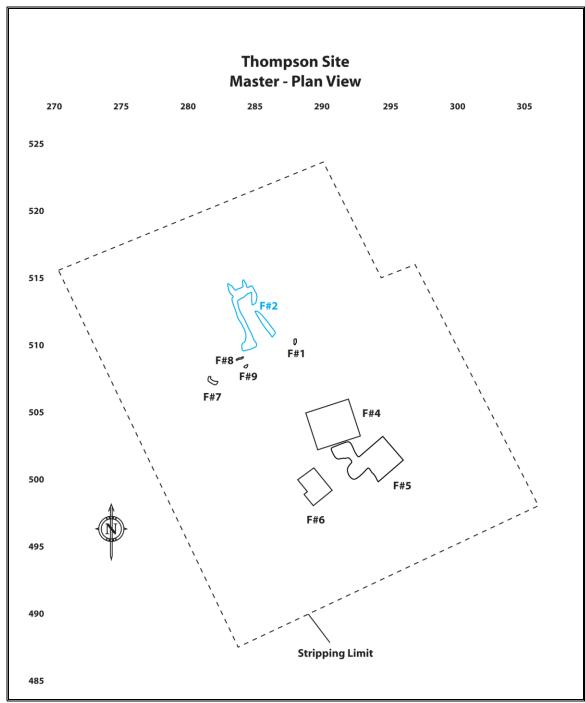


Figure 4: Stage 4 Site Plan of the Thompson Site

3.0 MATERIAL CULTURE ANALYSIS

Stage 4 archaeological fieldwork was conducted on the Thompson Site, a historic Euro-Canadian domestic site, in the summer of 2006. Mechanical stripping revealed 13 subsurface "stains"/features. Only one of these, Feature #3, was not cultural, and the rest, Features #1 through 9, were cultural features directly related to the pre-c.1850s domestic occupation of the site (*see Table 1*). A total of 1891 artifacts were collected during the excavation of this site.

Table 1: Artifact Frequency by Feature

Feature #	Feature Type	Artifact FQ
1	post mould	sterile
2a	undifferentiated pit	2
2b	undifferentiated pit	3
2c	post mould	sterile
3	not a feature	N/A
4	indeterminate structure	494
5a	indeterminate structure	561
5b	undifferentiated pit (formally "Quad.E")	50
5c	undifferentiated pit (formally "Quad.G")	35
6	indeterminate structure	746
7	possible hearth	sterile
8	undifferentiated pit	sterile
9	undifferentiated pit	sterile
Total:		1891

James Thompson was originally granted the land in 1808, and, though it appears to have remained in the Thompson family until 1872, there is little artifactual evidence to suggest that the Thompsons occupied the land before c.1830 or long after c.1850. The bulk of the assemblage dates predominantly from the mid- to late-1830s and 1840s, a date range slightly earlier than the1840s-1850s one originally assigned to the site's occupation during the Stage 2/3 work. The presence of earlier 19th century material on site likely represents older items and/or hand-me-downs brought into a new home sometime during the 1830s, as opposed to an actual early 1800s domestic occupation of the site. If the Thompsons lived on site beyond the early 1850s, their impact on the land, from an archaeological perspective, was minimal. The land was likely used by the Thompson family only for agriculture after this point until 1872 when it was sold. Defunct old

wooden structures would have been demolished, and the depressions in-filled with building debris, soil, and ultimately artifacts as well, from the area immediately surrounding them.

The Parks Canada Database Artifact Inventory Guide was used during the cataloguing phase of the analysis. All artifacts were classified according to specific functional classes. These classes are intended to reflect related activities. The Foodways Class, for example, includes all aspects of food preparation, storage and consumption. Likewise, the Architectural Class is a catch-all category for items such as brick, nails, window pane glass, etc. By classifying archaeological material in this manner, general trends on how an area was used may be discernible.

Table 2 provides a general overview of the 12 functional categories, or classes, identified during the cataloguing phase of analysis for the site as a whole. The various artifact-yielding features will also be discussed individually. Excluded from the total in **Table 2**, and from here on in, are 65 coarse red earthenware brick fragments, 14 mortar and two plaster samples (Construction Materials Group, Architectural Class) which were collected as site samples. Reference will be made to these items later on in the analysis where appropriate.

Only 68, or 3.76%, of the artifacts, showed evidence of fire exposure, including 37 mammal bones (Floral/Faunal Class), 16 tableware ceramics (Foodways Class) and a variety of other items from a number of other different classes.

Table 2: Site Artifact Assemblage by Class

Class	FQ	%
Activities	4	0.22
Architectural	621	34.31
Clothing	10	0.55
Domestic Activity	34	1.88
Floral/Faunal	354	19.56
Foodways	663	36.63
Furnishings	1	< 0.01
Medical/Hygiene	47	2.60
Personal	1	< 0.01
Smoking	12	0.66
Unassigned	27	1.50
Unidentified	36	1.99
Total:	1810	100

Despite the fact that no actual house structure was encountered within the study area, the archaeological deposits in-filling the features are undeniably domestic in nature, and attest to at least two decades of use by the Thompson family. As is common with 19th century Euro-Canadian domestic sites, the Architectural and Foodways Classes make up the bulk of the assemblage, with the Floral/Faunal Class pulling a close third. The eight artifact-yielding features, as seen in *Table 1*, will be discussed individually in detail.

FEATURE #5

Feature #5 was initially excavated as a single feature, occupying a total area of 420cm by 385cm and reaching a depth of 20cm. It yielded a total of 632 artifacts and a construction material sample of eleven coarse red earthenware brick fragments and two mortar pieces (Construction Materials Group, Architectural Class). Closer analysis of "Feature #5", however, revealed that the feature was actually comprised of three different elements, including a small, squared, wood-lined structure in its eastern half, and two undifferentiated pits in its western half. These three elements were therefore assigned separate feature numbers, with Feature #5a (553) representing the wood-lined structure itself, and the two undifferentiated pits identified as Features #5b (49), representing Quads E and F, and Feature #5c (30), representing Quads G and H. These pits were observed to be stratigraphically later than the structure, being cut into the edge of the latter. These features, Features #5a, b and c, were divided into four quadrants and excavated, and only a single soil layer was discernible in each.

Feature #5a: Indeterminate Structure

Feature #5a is part of a cluster of small, wooden structures, along with Features #4 and #6, uncovered on the Thompson Site. The small size of this building, at 240 cm long, 240 cm wide, and 40cm deep, and of the others as well for that matter, precludes its use as a domestic homestead. They likely represent small, utilitarian frame outbuildings and/or sheds.

There was little difference in the horizontal distribution of artifacts across Feature #5a's four quadrants, Quads. A through D, and no temporal difference in the artifact assemblages excavated from the single stratigraphic layer in-filling this feature. The same diagnostics were found everywhere. Possible cross-mends were also noted between the different quadrants of this feature. There is almost a "refuse heap" context to this feature: the structure was used, emptied, abandoned and the depression filled in with soil from the surrounding area. The deposits do not represent accumulations over a period of time as a result of sporadic periods of disposal. In light of this, and the fact and that no distinct activity areas were discernible, the artifact analysis will look at this feature as a whole. Eight different classes were identified in the collection, as seen in *Table 3*.

Table 3: Feature #5a Artifact Assemblage by Class

Class	FQ	%
Activities	1	0.18
Architectural	209	37.78
Domestic Activity	1	0.18

Class	FQ	%
Floral/Faunal	85	15.37
Foodways	242	43.76
Smoking	4	0.72
Unassigned	7	1.29
Unidentified	4	0.72
Total:	553	100

ACTIVITIES CLASS

The only item in this class was a possible ferrous hame fragment for buggy harness belonging to the Stable/Barn Group. This item attests to the presence of at least one horse and/or other beast of burden on site, for transportation and/or field labour.

ARCHITECTURAL CLASS

The Architectural Class is the second most dominant class from Feature #5a, comprising over one third of its total assemblage, and includes 171 nails (Nails Group), and 38 pieces of window pane glass (Window Glass Group). Given that this feature represents the remains of a small wooden structure, the count is not surprising. The five brick and three mortar fragments likely represent the remains of a brick chimney, hearth, and/or fireplace pad that would have once been part of the original, wooden, domestic structure located somewhere outside of the study area as opposed to being part of Feature #5a. The general absence of building material on the site suggests that the structures were dismantled and any re-usable items, such as brick, glass, wood, and ultimately the majority of the nails, were moved off site for use and/or disposal elsewhere. Such salvage practices were very common for early settlers during the 19th century.

Nails Group:

This group is the largest group in the Architectural Class, with a total of 171 nails. The earlier wrought nail variety (c.17th century to early 19th century) is represented by 15 of the nails in this assemblage, with roseheads and irregular flat heads noted. The rest, 91.23% (156/171), are machine cut. Given the pre-mid-19th century date assigned to the site, no wire nails were found or expected. The earliest wire nails, appearing c.1850s, were only available in very small sizes, for picture frames, etc. Larger sizes were not widely available or used in building construction until the introduction of machinery in 1886 that could produce wire nails much faster and cheaper than cut ones could be made.

Due in large part to a change in technology which allowed for nails to be mass produced, machine cut nails began to replace hand wrought iron nails during the period 1820-1830. Early cut nails, however, did not have as great a holding power as wrought nails, so wrought nails were often preferred even where cut nails were available and cheaper. Of the 156 cut nails, 61, or 39.10%, were not identifiable beyond the "machine cut" designation as they were incomplete and/or corroded. Twenty-two of the nails in the cut assemblage had hand made heads, an early cut variety seen in use into the 1820s, and three others displayed irregular machined-heads and shanks with burrs on diagonally

opposite edges, typical of early machine cut nails (c.1815s-late 1830s). The remaining 70 machine cut nails were identified as "modern" (c.1835-1890). This latter type of cut nail, which makes up 73.68% (70/95) of the identifiable cut nail collection, is distinguishable by its regularly-shaped head with uniformly convex sides, and burrs on the same side of the shank, with a general uniformity in size and shape, depending on the nail type. Both wrought and cut nails were used in construction during the period in which this structure was built, sometime during the 1830s.

Less than one third, 27.49% (47/171), of the nails are complete, and range in length from 1 1/4" to 4 1/4", with half of them, 24, being between 2" and 3". Nails smaller than 2" but greater than 1 1/4" were commonly used for shingling, lath and thin tongue and groove paneling, and nails between 2" and 3" for clapboard siding, 1" thick exterior trim and flooring, sheathing, and boarding. The remaining nails larger than 3" were often used for studding. With the exception of two machine cut finishing nails and a possible roofing one, the rest of the nails appear to be common nails used in general construction.

Window Glass Group:

The 38 window pane glass sherds recovered range from pale to a medium green, and from a thickness of 0.9mm to 2.2mm, measured with vernier calipers to the nearest 0.1mm. As sheet technology improved throughout the 19th century, there was a trend towards thicker, and ultimately stronger, glass and larger windows. Prior to the 1850s, average glass thickness was approximately 1.55mm and under. In this collection, all but 10 fragments, or 26.32%, fall into this category.

Window pane glass imported into Canada throughout the 19th century was produced mainly in England, and due to heavy taxation on both the domestic and exported product, was an expensive commodity prior to the abolition of the window tax in 1851. Small, and few, windows were the norm for the average early settler's homes. When Catherine Parr-Traill wrote her <u>Canadian Settler's Guide</u> in 1855, however, she notes that glass "...costs very little in Canada". Although a small number of window glass factories, never very successful, were in operation in Canada as early as 1845, English glass dominated the Canadian market in the 19th century.

The abundance of other, more datable artifacts in archaeological collections, such as the ceramics and container glass, generally precludes the need to use window pane glass as a chronological tool, though it does help suggest a date of roughly when a site was first occupied. The window glass for this feature, and from the Thompson Site in general, supports the proposed c.1830s date for the structure's construction.

DOMESTIC ACTIVITY CLASS

A coarse, stoneware bottle sherd (General Storage Group) (8) makes up this class. The bottle has a brown, salt-glazed exterior and an unglazed interior surface. In Ontario, salt-glazed stoneware was first produced in Brantford and Picton in 1849, and continued to be made into the 1920s. Prior to this, it would have had to have been imported, making this durable but heavy ceramic a notably more expensive ware than the common earthenwares which were produced in Ontario throughout the 19th century and into the early part of the 20th century. Although stoneware items were not commonly used as general storage

vessels by early settlers due to their high cost, a number of liquids, such as blacking and ink, were sold in stoneware bottles.

FLORAL/FAUNAL CLASS

Seventy-one mammal and 14 bird bones make up the faunal collection for Feature #5a. The mammal bones are predominantly from mid-sized animals, though small and larger ones are also represented. Four of the mammal bones display saw marks, evidence of butchering, and three others are small, calcined pieces.

FOODWAYS CLASS

The Foodways Class is, in general, one of the largest, and most temporally diagnostic artifact classes in the material culture assemblage recovered from a domestic site. It is the most dominant class in this assemblage, comprising 43.76% (242/553) of the collection. It includes all aspects of food preparation, storage and consumption. It can be divided into a number of groups, and, in the case of the ceramics, into a number of ware types, a technological classification that is loosely tied to function. *Table 4* shows these divisions.

Table 4: Feature #5a Foodways Class by Group & Ware Type

	Ware	FQ	%
Ceramic-Tableware	Creamware (CCE)	16	6.61
	Pearlware (PWE)	19	7.85
	Refined White Earthenware (RWE)	119	49.17
	Porcelain	1	0.41
	Refined Whiteware, Indeterminate (XWE)	2	0.83
Ceramic-Utilitarian	Coarse Earthenware (CEW)	77	31.82
	Refined Red Earthenware (RCE)	5	2.07
Ceramic Total:		239	98.76
Glass Beverage Containers		1	0.41
Glass Tableware		2	0.83
Glass Total:		3	1.24
Total:		242	100

The Ceramic Assemblage

Though each artifact contributes to the dating of a site's occupation, the ceramic assemblage is generally the most significant temporal indicator on domestic sites. What counts is not so much when the ceramic was made, but when it was made available. In North America, this means it was shipped across the Atlantic from England. If new ceramic styles were very popular, they might be "sold out" in England for several years after their initial appearance. Only as their popularity waned at home did they begin to be exported to the colonies. They were likely to be sent first to wealthy colonies such as

Virginia or Georgia where demand was high. Relatively poor colonies, like Canada, received most ceramics later still.

The ceramic assemblage makes up 98.76% of the total Foodways Class. Both utilitarian kitchen wares (82) and finer wares (157) for use at the table were recovered during the Stage 4 work done on this feature.

<u>Tableware Group:</u>

Tablewares are the cream or white bodied wares intended primarily for use at the table, be it for the kitchen table or for a more formal dining room setting. The variety of tableware types listed in *Table 4*, and the ratio with which they appear relative to other ware types in the assemblage, is in keeping with what one would expect from a domestic site occupied predominantly during the 1830s and 1840s. The two indeterminate whiteware sherds are burnt, and will not be included in the counts of this feature's tableware analysis as their temporal placement was not possible.

The two earliest 19th century "white" ware types, creamware (1760-1849) and pearlware (1780-1840), are present in roughly equal quantity in Feature #5a, at just over 10% (16/155) and 12% (19/155) respectively, of the identifiable ware types. The creamware present is the later, pale variety (1780-1849). By the 1830s, these early "whitewares", especially creamware, were rapidly falling out of fashion, being replaced by the more popular refined white earthenware which dominates the tableware assemblage at 76.77% (119/155). Of these, 36 display a blue-tinted (1820-1860) glaze, and the rest are untinted (1840s+).

No vitrified white earthenware, or ironstone, an 1847 introduction, was found at all in this feature, and only seven sherds, all from Feature #6 Lot 1, were recovered on site. This more durable ware began to supplant refined white earthenware in terms of popularity during the 1860s, and became the most popular tableware in many Ontario households by the 1870s. Unlike other ware types, however, it took several decades to capture a significant place in the Ontario market. Despite being more durable, it was rather plain looking beside the more colourful wares of the mid-19th century and expensive too, costing about the same as printed.

The last ware type in the tableware collection is porcelain (c.1790-present), and only a single sherd was found. Although porcelain was never as important in the Canadian market as earthenware due to its cost and fragility, there was still a decided demand for it by the ruling class. After mid-century, when cheap porcelain from the potteries of both Great Britain and the Continent came to Canada in increasing quantities, old distinctions relaxed, but still earthenware dominated the Canadian market.

Decorative types for the whitewares must also be considered as they too are temporally sensitive and help to tighten the occupation time frame for the site. Undecorated whiteware sherds have been omitted from the following counts as the majority of them are likely from the undecorated portion of decorated vessels. All undecorated creamware sherds (16), however, have been included as creamware vessels commonly occur undecorated. Although "plain" refined earthenware vessels were available during this time period, none could definitively be identified as being "plain" (good sized rim

portion). Of the 155 white tableware ceramics recovered from the excavation of Feature #5a, 101, or 65.16%, of the sherds were identifiable in terms of decorative type, and are listed below in *Table 5*.

Table 5: Feature #5a Ceramic Tableware by Decorative Type

Decorative Type			FQ	%
Plain	CCE (16)		16	15.84
Painted	PWE (2), RWE (16), POR (1)		19	18.81
Edged	RWE (22)		22	21.77
Sponged	RWE (6)		6	5.94
Slipware	PWE (3), RWE (11)		14	13.86
Transfer Printed	PWE (2), RWE (19)		21	20.79
Moulded	PWE (1), RWE (1)		2	1.98
Other	RWE (1)		1	0.99
Total Decorative Types:		101	100	

Most general stores stocked a variety of tablewares and a customer's choice depended not only on their personal taste but also on their pocketbook. Different decorative types were differentially priced, and this is particularly true for the first half of the 19th century, after which point old distinctions began to relax. Since ceramics are consumer items, the relative value of various types can provide some insight into the socio-economic status for the household.

Plain Wares:

All 16 "plain" sherds are flatware sherds from one or more late creamware (1780-1849) vessels. Fragments were retrieved from all of the quadrants. The demand for creamware was already declining by the 1790s, and it became, and remained, the cheapest refined ware throughout the 19th century. Creamware after c.1830 is generally not found on the table, having been relegated to utilitarian and toiletry forms such as mugs, wash basins, and chamber pots.

Painted Wares:

This decorative category is generally used to describe the underglaze, monochrome and polychrome, hand-painted earthenwares, almost always floral, popular from c.1810 to the 1870s. It is found mostly on teawares and bowls, and was one of the most inexpensive tableware varieties available in the 19th century. It makes up just under 20% (19/101) of the decorated assemblage for this feature. Both monochrome blue (5) and polychrome (14) painted vessels were found. All identifiable motifs are floral, executed in the peasant-style characterized by fairly large, bold elements. Hand-painted floral designs from the first two decades of the 19th century, and those wares from the late 1840s to c.1870, often called "sprig" wares, tend to be more delicately painted than the ones found here.

The five monochrome (c.1810-1860) painted sherds represent at least five different vessels, including a pearlware saucer (1), a porcelain flatware item (1), also likely a saucer, and three refined white earthenware, hollowware vessels. Two of the latter forms are tea cups (2), one in the bell shape, a cup shape popularized during the 1840s. The last vessel is an indeterminate hollowware one (1), also likely a teacup.

The polychrome sherds dominate the painted assemblage at 14, and all but one, a pearlware piece, are on refined white earthenware. A minimum of 12 vessels were discernible. Six of the sherds are done in the earlier, more muted, earth tone palette (1810-1860), and come from a tea cup (2), two indeterminate hollowware forms (2), including the pearlware vessel (1), and a flatware item (1). Seven of the sherds are painted in the brighter, late palette colours seen from c.1830 to1872. Two tea cups (2), one in the bell shape (1840s), another hollowware vessel (1), two saucers (2), and two other flatware items (2) were noted.

One of the indeterminate hollowware (1) and flatware (1) vessels display the same forest green colour in their floral motifs, and may be part of a matching tea cup and saucer set. The former was found in Quad. A, and the latter in Quad. D.

The use of painted teas, especially monochrome painted vessels, dwindled rapidly from the 1850s onward. Although it is known that such painted wares continued to be made into the late 19th century, few were reaching Ontario by the 1880s.

Edged Wares:

This decorative type is found mostly on plates and platters between 1795 and 1870. Like the painted wares, edged ceramics were one of the cheapest types of tablewares around during the 19th century. Blue shell edged wares, the most common colour, continued to be marketed and readily available into the 1860s. After this date, however, they are not commonly found in archaeological assemblages, although production continued into the 1890s and possibly later.

Edge-decorated sherds are the best represented decorative category of white earthenware tablewares found in this feature at 22, with transfer printed (21) and painted (19) sherds pulling a close second and third respectively. All of the edgewares are derived from refined white earthenware plates, and all are edged in the more popular blue (1795-1890s). At least 13 vessels are represented, with both scalloped (6) and unscalloped (15) rims were found. The remaining sherd had an exfoliated rim but has a rope motif embossed (1820-1845) on its brim.

The irregular scalloped rims of the early rococo shell edge (pre-1810) were replaced by a shell edge with even-scalloped rims. Production of the latter style began around 1800 and was the dominant type until the 1840s. Four vessels (6) with this rim type were found here. Identifiable sub-types of even-scalloped edgeware in this collection include two plates (2) with impressed, curved lines (1795-1845) and two with an impressed bud (3) (1800-1850) motif.

Unscalloped edgeware was especially common in the 1840s and 1860s and is the dominant rim type present in the collection, with 15 sherds derived from a minimum of

seven different plates, including three (7) dinner plates. Five (11) of the plates are shallowly impressed (1825-1891) with curved lines. One of these is a dinner plate with cross-mends found between Quad. C (#256) (2) and Quad. D (#318) (1) of this feature. One of the plates (1) is impressed with straight lines (1825-1840), and another (1) with a chicken claw motif (1840-1850). One of the other dinner plates (1) has a brim embossed (1820-1845) with lines, and is likely a "second", with an obvious chip on its rim that has been glazed regardless of this defect. The last plate (1), also a dinner plate with an embossed brim, but this time in the form of panels, is geometric in shape, a form seen predominantly during the 1840s and 1850s. More of this plate, found in Feature #5a's Quad. B (#205), was noted in Feature #4's Quad. A (#39) (1) and Quad. D Lot 2 (#86) (1).

Sponged Wares:

Earthenwares with sponged decorations first came on the Canadian market about midcentury, in c.1843. These wares were widely advertised by crockery merchants throughout Victorian Canada as crockery excellent for the country trade since they were so cheap. By the mid-1840s, sponged teaware was commonplace on tables in Canada West, yet by the mid-1870s, they had virtually disappeared. Sponged bowls, however, last out the century.

The six sponged sherds found are derived from two, refined white earthenware tea cups. They are both sponged in monochrome blue (1843-1900), and the sponging is dense, typical of pre-c.1850s sponged wares. One of the tea cups (2) is moulded in a softened bell shape. By the 1850s, the bell-shaped cup was modified so that it had a less pronounced waist, and was particularly popular for the low-priced painted, and sponged, wares. The other tea cup (4) is quite thick, with an open diamond and dot motif, and almost looks stamped.

Slip/Banded Wares:

Slip, or banded, wares (1790-1920) cover various types of decoration that were produced by the application of coloured clay slips. First made in the late 18th century, slipwares were in particular demand from the 1840s through the 1860s. It was the cheapest hollowware available with decoration and is found mostly on bowls, pitchers and mugs. Slipwares produced during the first half of the 19th century tend to be more ornate and varied in colour than later examples, and the colours are predominantly pastel and earthen hues. In general, by the 1860s most slipware vessels display simple bands of blue and white, or blue combined with one other colour, and the blue is more intense than the pale blue characteristic of earlier wares.

All of the slipware vessels found here are of the earlier variety. A minimum of one pearlware (3) and six refined white earthenware (11) hollowware vessels were identified from the 14 sherds in this decorative category. The pearlware vessel is a bowl done in the London shape, a form introduced by Spode factory in c.1813 and a popular bowl (and tea cup) form until the 1840s. One of the refined white earthenware vessels, with pale blue bands of blue and white, appears to be a small, cylindrical lidded vessel (2), with pieces being found in both Quad. B (#212) and Quad. D (#320). Two other vessel mends were noted between quadrants of this feature. Fragments of a hollowware vessel with brown lines alternating with bands of white and tan came out of Quad. C (#258) (2) and

Quad. D (#321) (2), and pieces from another (2) decorated with a blue dendritic motif known as "mocha" (1830-1870) (1) on a white background were retrieved from Quad. A (#156) and Quad. B (#213). The latter vessel is likely a "second", displaying an imperfect, "crawled" glaze.

Transfer Printed Wares:

The second most commonly occurring decorative types are the transfer printed sherds (21). Transfer printed (1783-present) tablewares reached their peak during the 1830s and 1840s, then began to decline in popularity after 1850 in face of the increase in use of white ironstone. Though more costly than the decorative wares discussed above, domestic sites dating from the mid-1830s into the last third of the 19th century are generally conspicuous by the diversity of transfer printed colours. Of the 21 sherds, 20 are printed in a monochrome colour, including, including blue (12), red (3),purple (3), black (2) and one in polychrome (green and purple). All but two, both pearlware (1780-1840) sherds, are from refined white earthenware vessels. A minimum of 12 different vessels were identified in this collection.

Blue (1810-present) transfer printing was by far the most common printed colour, as it is in this collection (12). All are common, as opposed to flown (1844-1920s) printed. The two pearlware sherds are derived from two teacups (2), and the rest, including two plates (3), two indeterminate flatware (4) and two hollowware (2) forms, and another unidentifiable tableware form (1), are on refined white earthenware (1820-present). The only readily identifiable pattern was the infamous "Willow" pattern, seen on at least one plate (2). Although "Willow" had been developed by English potters in the 18th century, it was not commonly exported to the Canadas until the early 1830s, and continues to be made today. One (3) of the flatware vessels, decorated with a fairly dense floral pattern, had sherds come out of both Quad. B (#217) (2) and Quad. C (#264) (1). The same pattern was noted on one, possibly more, London-shaped (c.1813-1840) tea cup from Feature #4, with fragments found in Quad. A (#33) (33), Quad. C (#106) (3) and Quad. D L.2 (#87) (8) of that feature as well.

The non-blue printed assemblage numbers nine. The three red (1832+) sherds are from a hollowware vessel (2) and an unidentifiable tableware item (1), both printed with a floral motif. The latter vessel appears to also be under-glaze painted in red. A single purple-printed vessel, another colour introduced during the early 1830s, is represented by the three sherds of this colour found here. Pieces of this vessel were found in Quad. A (#154) (1) and Quad. B (#216) (2). The two black (1832-1845, revives c.1900) printed plate sherds bear an impressed "D..." and anchor on its back. The left side of the anchor has a "3", which denotes an 1830s date of manufacture by the Davenport potteries in Longport, Staffordshire, England (1793-1887). The final item, a flatware vessel (1), is printed in both purple and green (1832+). Two or more printed colours on a single vessel are only seen after 1835.

Moulded Wares:

"Moulded" decoration is generally used to describe the raised relief patterns found on vitrified white earthenware, or white ironstone (c.1847-early 20th century). No sherds of this ware type were found here, and only seven sherds were found on site during the Stage 4 feature excavations, all from Feature #6.

Of the two moulded sherds found here, one is on pearlware (1780-1840) and the other on untinted refined white earthenware (1840s+). Both are derived from flatware vessels, likely plates. The former item has an indeterminate raised pattern on its brim and the latter a band of raised ovoid beading just below the rim edge.

Other Wares:

The single sherd in this decorative category is from a small, refined white earthenware, handled vessel, likely a small jug, with bright canary yellow glaze on both sides. Although this colour glaze is seen on yellowware from the 1850s to the 1870s, its presence on whiteware suggests that this hollowware vessel was probably made sometime during the first third of the 19th century.

Utilitarian Wares:

Utilitarian wares were generally made of clays that fired red, grey or buff, and may be associated with food preparation and/or storage. They were meant for the kitchen, cellar, laundry, pantry and milk house, and they make up 32.31% (82/239) of the total ceramic collection recovered from Feature #5a. The ones found here are predominantly on coarse earthenwares. Ontario potters were producing wares of this type from 1796 to the 1920s, and, since they were relatively easy to make, they were ultimately both inexpensive and readily available.

Paste colour, sherd shape, and interior and exterior glazing combinations suggest the presence of a minimum of 17 utilitarian, hollowware vessels from the 82 sherds in this collection. A variety of lead-glazed ware types were noted: coarse red (74) earthenware; coarse gray (3) earthenware; and refined red earthenware (5).

Coarse earthenware vessel forms identifiable beyond the generic "hollowware" designation include two bulbous-bodied crocks (30), one of which is approximately 10" in diameter, a utility crock/bowl (7), a jug (1), a 14" diameter milk pan (1), and a small, lidded vessel (1). Cross-mends were noted between quadrants for two vessels. One (14) of the two crocks had pieces found in Quad. B (#199) (13) and in Quad. D (#305) (1), and one (2) of the hollowware vessels of indeterminate form had pieces found in Quad. B (#245) and Quad. D (#306) of this feature. This latter vessel is decorated with straight and wavy brown lines below the rim under a clear glaze. A cross-mend was also noted between features for another vessel from Quad. D. It is a gray-bodied lidded vessel (326) (1) with a fairly bright yellow glaze on both sides and a matching piece came out of Feature #4 Quad. A (#6) (1).

The Glass Assemblage

The glass assemblage of the Foodways Class is very small, with only three sherds. This is not uncommon on a pre-1850s settler's site given the cost of glass containers prior to the introduction of mechanization in the glass industry which began in the 1880s. The sherds are mould blown (pre-1920s), and derived from a dark olive green bottle (1), likely used for wine, liquor or beer (Glass Beverage Containers Group) and two colourless, curved, glassware items of indeterminate form (Glass Tablewares Group). One has a fire-polished rim, and may be from a tumbler, and the other has rounded ridges.

SMOKING CLASS

The most common smoking item found on 19th century sites is the stemmed tobacco pipe made of unglazed clay. By the 19th century, such pipes were being mass produced in England, Scotland, France and Germany, and, by the second half of the century, in Canada as well. All four fragments recovered here are manufactured from white ball clay, and include three stem and one bowl fragments. Two of the stem fragments are unmarked, and it is therefore impossible to identify either the maker or the country in which they were made. The other stem bears the impressed maker's mark "Murray / Glasgow" (1830-1861). The bowl fragment is complete, undecorated with a section of stem still attached. Marking pipes in this fashion did not become common practice until the 1840s.

UNASSIGNED CLASS

Of the seven ferrous items classified here, two incomplete, flat slot-headed wood screws (1840s+) belong to the Miscellaneous Hardware Group and the remaining five items belong to the Miscellaneous Materials Group. The latter group includes three pieces of strapping, two straight and one curved and riveted, ranging in width from 3/4" to 1", and two wire bits. One of them has a flattened, curved end. This is, in general, not a particularly diagnostic class.

UNIDENTIFIED CLASS

Items that could not definitively be assigned to any particular class, or were unidentifiable in general as to form or function were lumped into the "Unidentified" class. There are four such items in this assemblage. There is a mould blown (pre-1920s) glass fragment from an indeterminate colourless bottle/container and a thick, flat unglazed, cream-coloured ceramic piece with striations on its surface and "unfinished" sides. The other two items are both ferrous metal ones. One, from Quad. B (#235), is a possible handle fragment form, consisting of an elongated, tapered wire frame with sheet metal stretched, and wrapped, between the thick wires. Similar pieces were found in Feature #4 Quad. A (#50) (2). The other is a 31/2" long, flat, elongated spade-shaped object with a round eye-like hole at the top and a round knob on one of its sides.

FEATURE #5b: Undifferentiated Pit

Feature #5b is one of the two undifferentiated pits found cut into the west wall of Feature #5a, immediately to the south of the pit identified as Feature #5c. It measured 150cm in length and reached a total depth of 30cm. Although its stratigraphic position suggests it post-dates Feature #5a, the artifacts found within this pit feature do not differ significantly, temporally-speaking, from those found in Feature #5a, or elsewhere on site. Similar diagnostics were identified here. It is possible that Feature #5a structure fell into disuse and was demolished sometime during the 1830s or 1840s by the Thompsons, and the pit dug, and used, shortly thereafter. Given the predominance of bone in the pit, it may have been dug for their disposal and came to be filled with other material from the immediate area.

Six different artifact classes were identified, as can be seen in *Table 6*. It yielded a total of 49 artifacts and a single sample of coarse red earthenware brick (Construction Materials Group). It was divided into two quadrants, identified as Quads. E and F; Quad. E was fully excavated and only a single soil layer was discernible.

Table 6: Feature #5b Artifact Assemblage by Class

Class	FQ	%
Architectural	14	28.57
Clothing	2	4.08
Floral/Faunal	25	51.02
Foodways	5	10.21
Medical/Hygiene	1	2.04
Unassigned	2	4.08
Total:	49	100

ARCHITECTURAL CLASS

Nine nails (Nails Group) and five pieces of window pane glass (Window Glass Group) make up the architectural assemblage. All of the nails are machine cut (1790s-1890s), and include one early (c.1815s-late 1830s) and three "modern" (c.1835-1890) ones. The rest are incomplete and/or too corroded to identify beyond the "cut" designation. Complete nails (4) range in length from 1 ½" to 3". They appear to be common nails used in general construction.

As for the pane glass, the five fragments range from colourless to pale green with a thickness of 1.7mm to 1.95mm (post-c.1850).

CLOTHING CLASS

The two clothing items found in Feature #5b are bone buttons. One is a plain, flat, 0.9cm diameter, three-hole button and the other is also plain, but with four recessed sewthrough holes and measuring 1.6cm in diameter. Bone buttons were commonly used for underclothing, particularly during the first part of the 19th century prior to the invention of the "agate" button during the 1840s.

FLORAL/FAUNAL

Faunal bones make up just over 50% (25/49) of the artifacts recovered during the excavation of pit Feature #5b, and is the dominant class in this assemblage. Thirteen bird bones and twelve mammal bones, predominantly from mid-sized animals, make up this collection. The pit was possibly dug specifically for their disposal.

FOODWAYS CLASS

This class is small, with only five recovered artifacts belonging to it, four from the Ceramic Tableware Group and one from the Unidentified Glass Containers Group. The items in the former group are derived from three refined white earthenware (1820+) flatware vessels, including a saucer (2), a plate of indeterminate size (1), and a dinner plate (1). The latter item (#354) is the only one with a blue tint (1820-1860) and the only decorated sherd found. It has a blue transfer printed abstract cobweb-like line motif on its brim, and more of the same vessel was found in Feature #6 Lot 1 (#423) (1).

The single glass fragment (#358) comes from a mould blown (pre-1920s), thin, curved, forest green vessel of unknown form or function. More sherds from what appears to be the same vessel were found in Feature #6, in both Lot 1 (#452) (8) and Lot 2 (#523) (13).

MEDICAL/HYGIENE CLASS

A single fragment from a mould blown (pre-1920s) pharmaceutical bottle was found in this pit feature. It is colourless and ovoid in shape with at least one flat panel.

UNASSIGNED CLASS

Two pieces of thin, flat, ferrous metal sheet fragments were classed here, and belong to the Miscellaneous Materials Group of this class.

FEATURE #5c: Undifferentiated Pit

Feature #5c is the second of the undifferentiated pits located stratigraphically above, and ultimately later, than Feature #5a structure. It measured 160cm in length and reached a total depth of 22cm, and is cut into the west wall of Feature #5a immediately to the north of pit Feature #5b. Like pit Feature #5b, the artifacts found did not differ significantly, temporally-speaking, from those found in Feature #5a, or elsewhere on site. Similar diagnostics were identified here. It is possible that Feature #5a structure fell into disuse and was demolished sometime during the 1830s or 1840s by the Thompsons, and this pit was dug and used shortly thereafter. Its purpose is unknown.

A small assemblage of 30 artifacts and a sample of five coarse red earthenware brick fragments (Construction Materials Group) was collected, and six different artifact classes were identified, as can be seen in *Table 7*. This pit was divided into two quadrants, identified as Quads. G and H; Quad. G was fully excavated and only a single soil layer was discernible.

Table 7: Feature #5c Artifact Assemblage by Class

Class	FQ	%	
Architectural	11	36.67	
Clothing	1	3.33	
Floral/Faunal	8	26.67	
Foodways	8	26.67	
Medical/Hygiene	1	3.33	
Unassigned	1	3.33	
Total:	30	100	

ARCHITECTURAL CLASS

Ten nails (Nails Group) and one piece of colourless, 2.4mm thick (post-c.1850) window pane glass (Window Glass Group) comprise this class, the largest class in this feature's collection. Apart from one hand wrought (c.17th century to early 19th century) nail, the

nails are machine cut (1790s-1890s). The cut nail assemblage includes four "modern" (c.1835-1890) ones and the rest are incomplete and/or too corroded to identify beyond the "cut" designation. Complete nails (2) range in length from 1.5/8" to 2.1/2". They appear to be common nails used in general construction.

CLOTHING CLASS

The only item in this class belongs to the Ornamentation Group. It is a translucent white glass bead, 1.05cm in diameter and 0.83cm thick, and is likely from a necklace. Round, wire wound beads were one of the two most popular necklace bead types in the 19th century. A wire wound bead is made by wrapping viscous glass around a wire, one of the most common methods of bead manufacture during the 19th century.

FLORAL/FAUNAL CLASS

One bird bone and seven mammal bones make up this class. The latter bones are all small fragments, two of which are calcined.

FOODWAYS CLASS

The eight artifacts classed here come from three different groups, the Ceramic Tableware Group (5), Ceramic Utilitarian Ware Group (1) and the Glass Beverage Containers Group (2). Diagnostic items in the first group are two pearlware (1780-1840) vessels (4), including a hand-painted, early palette (1810-1860) pearlware saucer (3). The second ceramic group contains a lead glazed, coarse red earthenware (1796-1920s, Ontariomade) hollowware form (1), and the last a dark olive green, mould blown (pre-1920s) cylindrical bottle, likely used for wine, liquor or beer.

MEDICAL/HYGIENE CLASS

A light green, mould blown (pre-1920s) pharmaceutical bottle with a hand-tooled, rounded finish was found.

UNASSIGNED CLASS

A 3/4" ferrous washer from the Miscellaneous Hardware Group was the only item found belonging to this class.

FEATURE #4: Indeterminate Structure

This was the second largest structural feature found on site, at 336cm long, 290cm wide, and reaching a depth of 20cm. It appears to have been a frame outbuilding/shed with a wooden floor. It is part of the cluster of small wooden structures found on site, and its function is indeterminate. It yielded a total of 477 artifacts and a feature sample of 15 coarse red earthenware brick fragments and two mortar pieces (Construction Materials Group). It was divided into quadrants and excavated as such: Quads. A (235), B (107), C (119) and D (16). Quads. C and D were excavated as a single soil layer while two soil layers were noted in Quads. A and D. Artifacts were recovered from both Lot 1 (231) and Lot 2 (4), in the former quadrant, and only from Lot 2 (16) in the latter.

Although there were some differences in both the horizontal and vertical distribution of artifacts across this feature, there was no temporal difference in the artifact assemblages excavated from one quadrant to the next, or from one stratigraphic layer to the next. The same diagnostics were found everywhere in Feature #4. Possible cross-mends were also

noted between not only the different quadrants of this feature, but between the different layers in the units as well. Like Feature #5a, the deposits do not represent accumulations over a period of time as a result of sporadic periods of disposal. In light of this, and the fact and that no distinct activity areas were discernible, the artifact analysis will look at this feature as a whole. Six different classes were identified in the collection, listed below in **Table 8**.

Table 8: Feature #4 Artifact Assemblage by Class

Class	FQ	%
Architectural	49	10.27
Floral/Faunal	74	15.51
Foodways	333	69.82
Medical/Hygiene	1	0.21
Unassigned	1	0.21
Unidentified	19	3.98
Total:	477	100

ARCHITECTURAL CLASS

Despite being a structural feature, this class comprises only just over 10% of the total feature assemblage. It seems likely, given the low count, that the wooden super-structure was removed, as opposed to being permitted to decay in-situ, once the site was no longer used for domestic purposes. The 49 artifacts include a hinge (Door/Window Hardware Group), 24 nails (Nails Group) and 24 pieces of window pane glass (Window Glass Group).

Window/Door Hardware Group:

The single item in this group is a corroded, ferrous, butt-type hinge. One half is rectangular, measuring 2 ½" by 1 ½", with two or three perforations, and the other half is semi-circular in shape with a single central perforation.

Nails Group:

Of the 24 nails recovered from Feature #4, two are the earlier wrought nail variety (c.17th century to early 19th century) and the rest are machine cut (1790s-1890s). Three of the cut nails are early ones with hand-made heads (1790s-1820s), including a rosehead, three are "modern" machine cut (c.1835-1890s), and the remaining nails were not identifiable beyond the generic "machine cut" designation, being incomplete and/or corroded. Five of the nails, one wrought and four cut, are complete, and range in length from 1 ½" to 3 1/4". The latter nail is clinched.

Window Glass Group:

The 24 window pane glass sherds found ranged from colourless to medium green, and from a thickness of 1.05mm to 1.9mm, measured with vernier calipers to the nearest 0.1mm. Fourteen of these are 1.55mm or under, and, apart from two of the sherds, the

rest are 1.65mm or thinner. Average window pane glass thickness prior to c.1850 is approximately 1.55mm or less.

FLORAL/FAUNAL CLASS

Seventy-three mammal and one bird bone make up Feature #4's faunal collection. The mammal bones are predominantly from middle-sized animals, though both smaller and larger ones are also represented. Two rib bones displays saw marks, evidence of butchering. Most of the bones are quite fragmented and weathered.

FOODWAYS CLASS

The Foodways Class is the dominant assemblage in Feature #4, with 333, or 69.82%, of the artifacts placed here. Four groups were identified: Ceramic Tableware (219); Ceramic Utilitarian Ware (88); Glass Beverage Containers (20); and Utensils (6).

The Ceramic Assemblage

Tableware Group:

As the dominant group in this class' assemblage, it is comprised of 219 sherds, including one indeterminate, burnt whiteware sherd. Although refined white earthenware (1820+) (139), both tinted (87) and untinted (52), dominates the whiteware assemblage at 63.76% (139/218), a couple pieces of pale, late creamware (1760-1849), and a good amount of pearlware (1780-1840) (76), were also found. This proportion is in keeping with a domestic site occupied during the 1830s and 1840s.

The only non-white tableware in this collection is a single piece of black basalt (1760s to present), a hard, black, vitreous stoneware. Long known as "Black Egyptian" ware by Staffordshire potters, it was in the hands of Josiah Wedgwood, who began experimenting with it in the 1760s, that it was perfected. His new and improved version he called "Black Basaltes", and advertised it for the first time in 1774. It was a finer, darker and smoother product than the traditional one. This black "porcelain" was all the rage for 30 years until the Napoleonic Wars which led to a dramatic downturn in the market for expensive, quality ceramics. Cheaper versions had always been available, and many potters turned to slip casting, which was notably cheaper. These wares had a dull, flat finish, as opposed to Wedgwood's polished one, and the details were not as finely executed. The 4" diameter, slightly domed galley lid fragment found here has the former type of finish, and is decorated with a simple "chattered" ring around the top where a small knob once sat. It is not likely a Wedgwood creation. Although his practical wares, such as the creamware and pearlware, were advertised most frequently in early Canada, colonial merchants began advertising black basalt by at least 1780.

Of the 218 "white" tableware ceramics recovered from the excavation of Feature #4, 145 sherds, or 66.51%, of the sherds, were identifiable in terms of decorative type. A variety of different types were discernible: plain (3); painted (9); edged (29); slipware (2); transfer printed (95); and moulded (7).

Plain Wares

Two of the "plain" sherds grouped here are from a flatware, creamware vessel, likely a plate that is a pale cream in colour, typical of late creamwares (1780-1820). The other sherd is from an untinted, refined white earthenware (1840+) flatware vessel, also likely a

plate. Plain refined white earthenwares were little stocked by most merchants by the 1840s.

Painted Wares

Two untinted, refined white earthenware (1840+) vessels, a plate with a moulded rim (2) and a bell-shaped (1840s) tea cup (4), are represented by three of the hand-painted sherds from this feature. Both are painted with peasant-style floral motifs in the brighter, late palette colours (1830-1872). The other four sherds are all on blue-tinted, refined white earthenware (1820-1860). Three of them are derived from two different flatware vessels, both done in monochrome blue (c.1810-1860). One of these vessels, from Quad. A (#32) (2), displays a wide band with lines and a possible flower motif, more of which was found in Quad. C (#101) (1) of the same feature. The other sherd is from a hollowware form painted with a peasant-style floral motif in the muted, early palette colours (1810-1860). They are all likely tea wares.

Edged Wares

A minimum of eight different plates, including four dinner-sized ones (20), are represented by the 29 sherds in this decorative category. Three (17) of the plates are on pearlware (1780-1840) and five (12) on refined white earthenware. Only one (1) of the vessels has a blue-tinted glaze (1820-1860), and the others are untinted (1840+). With the exception of one of the pearlware plates (1), which is edged in green (1795-1840), all are edged in the more popular blue. All but six of the edged fragments, the ones with exfoliated surfaces, could be divided into sub-types, both scalloped (17) and unscalloped (7).

The 17 scalloped sherds, derived from at least eight plate forms, display the evenly-scalloped rims with shallow, repetitive motifs, or incising characteristic of edgeware from c.1800 to the1840s. The single green-edged, scalloped pearlware plate sherd included here is likely a "second" since it displays a bubbled surface glaze. Identifiable scalloped sub-types noted are three pearlware (7) and one (1) refined white earthenware plate with curved incising (1795-1845); two (1) of the latter ware type have an impressed bud (1800-1850); and one pearlware plate (6) has straight incising (1795-1840). Fragments of the latter vessel were retrieved from Quad. A (#38) (4), Quad. C (#103) (1), and Quad. D Lot 2 (#85) (1). The remaining edgeware plate (#86, #99) (6), an untinted refined white earthenware one, has an unscalloped rim (1825-1897) and is geometric in shape (1840s-1850s) with raised/embossed rim panels. Pieces of this vessel, and or similar vessels, were recovered from Quad. A (#39) (1), Quad. C (#99) (5), and Quad. D Lot 2 (#86) (1) of this feature, and from Feature #5a Quad. B (#205) (1).

Slipwares

This decorative type, which dates from 1795 into the early 20th century, was identified on two pearlware fragments from the same hollowware vessel. It is decorated with bands of brown, white, and blue and has a rouletted rim glazed in a translucent mustard-yellow colour, typical of the slipwares produced during the first half of the 19th century.

Transfer Printed Wares

Transfer printing (1783-present) is the most common decorative type found in Feature #4's tableware ceramic assemblage, with 95 sherds. Despite the relatively high sherd

count relative to the other types in this feature's collection, they likely only represent five different, highly-fragmented vessels, all printed in blue (1810-present). Prior to the 1830s, blue is invariably almost the only colour used. Blue transfer printed teas are seen after c.1810 and dinnerwares after c.1825 in Canada.

There are four flatware forms (50) and a tea cup (45). The flatware forms include three possible plates, one (1) on pearlware (1780-1840) (1) and two(14) on untinted, refined white earthenware (1840+), as well as a blue-tinted, refined white earthenware (1820-1840) saucer (35). One of the flatware items (7) has been printed somewhat "soft", producing a slightly blurred design, common to early 19th century printed wares. Also typical of this early period is the dark blue, or "Olde Blue" (1818-1830), crowded floral pattern found on the saucer. The saucer bears a printed and impressed "DAVENPORT" mark with an anchor on its underside. It was made by the Davenport potteries (1793-1887), and upper-class letter Davenport marks indicate a post-1805 date. The saucer has a concave base and it may be a "second". Fragments of this saucer came out of Quad. A (35) (28) and Quad. C (100) (7).

The tea cup is the only hollowware printed vessel found. It is done in the London-shape (c.1813-1840s). Fragments of this vessel, displaying an all-over floral pattern on a stippled background, was found in Quad. A (#33) (33), Quad. B (#71) (1), C (#106) (3), D Lot 2 (#87) (8) of Feature #4, and Feature #6 Lot 1 (#424) (1).

Moulded Wares

All seven of the moulded sherds of this decorative type are from a blue-tinted, refined white earthenware (1820-1860s) plate. The plate has a slightly raised edge around its rim and alternating, simply-executed running dogs and floral motifs in relief around its brim. The dogs have been over-glaze painted in a dark brown, and the flowers in red. It is possible that a plate fragment from Feature #6 Lot 1 (#414) (1), with the same slightly raised rim edge and a maple leaf motif, may be from the same vessel. It likely belonged to a child.

Utilitarian Ware Group:

The 88 utilitarian ware sherds grouped here are derived from a minimum of thirteen vessels, with ten (83) made of coarse red earthenware, one (1) on a grayish coarse earthenware, and one (4) on refined red earthenware. These ware types were all being made in Ontario from 1796 until the 1920s. Identifiable red earthenware forms include a possible pitcher, represented by a handle (1), a pie plate (25) with a brown wavy slip line on its interior, two (30) utility crocks/bowls, one (11) of which has a diameter of 11", a possible tea or coffee pot (4), and six other hollowware vessels of indeterminate form. The earthenware sherd with the grayish paste (#6) is part of a small galley lid with a fairly bright yellow glaze on both sides, more of which was found in Feature #5a Quad. D (#326) (3).

The Glass Assemblage

Glass Beverage Containers Group:

All 20 of the glass fragments found in Feature #4 are likely from a single, mould blown (pre-1920s) cylindrical, dark olive green, bottle, likely for wine, liquor or beer.

The Metal Assemblage

Utensils Group:

The six items classed here all came out of Quad. C, with at least two large spoons (3) and two forks (3) represented. One of the spoons, a tablespoon, is complete, and has a "Windsor"-shaped handle, a popular 19th century spoon pattern. The forks, both incomplete, are also typical of the period, and both are made of a single piece of steel. One (2), missing its tines, has a flat handle to which bone plates with diagonally-incised lines are attached with ferrous pins, and the other (1) is a two-pronged fork with a tang, not a flat handle like the first type, which was likely inserted into a solid wood or bone handle. The latter fork is missing its handle.

UNASSIGNED CLASS

The single item in this group is a thin, ferrous wire fragment from the Miscellaneous Materials Group.

UNIDENTIFIED CLASS

Three ferrous metal and 16 glass fragments make up the items in this class. The former artifacts are derived from two different, corroded objects. One is a possible handle fragment from Quad. A (#50) (2), consisting of an elongated, tapered wire frame with sheet metal stretched and wrapped between the thick wires. A similar piece was found in Feature #5a Quad. B (#235). The other item may be a hand tool. It is solid, 4 ½" in length and triangular in cross-section.

As for the glass fragments, thirteen, nine from Quad. A (#44) and four from Quad. C (#112), come from a single indeterminate, colourless, mould blown (pre-1920s) container, with both flat and rounded sides and a mould-textured surface. The remaining three sherds, also mould blown, are derived from a thin, colourless, cylindrical vessel.

FEATURE #6: Indeterminate Structure

This was the smallest of the structural features identified, at 180cm long, 220cm wide, and 34cm deep, and is part of the cluster of small wooden structures, along with Features #4 and #5a, found on site. Like the others, it appears to have been a frame outbuilding/shed with a wooden floor. Its function is indeterminate. It contained the largest material cultural assemblage of all the features excavated, yielding a total of 698 artifacts and a feature sample of 37 coarse red earthenware brick fragments, nine plaster and two mortar pieces (Construction Materials Group). A large amount of construction debris, especially brick, was noted in this feature. Two soil layers, Lot 1 and Lot 2, were identified and removed separately. Lot 1 contained the most artifacts, with 494 items and a construction debris sample of 44, and Lot 2 with 204 artifacts and four brick fragments. Although there were some differences in the vertical distribution of artifacts across this feature, there were no distinct temporal differences in the artifact assemblages excavated from one stratigraphic layer to the next with the exception of some intrusive, 20th century material found in Lot 1. No activity areas were discernible either. In light of this, the artifact analysis will look at the feature as a whole. It is interesting to note that, though possible cross-mends were noted between this feature and others on site, there were no noticeable ones between the different layers within Feature #6 itself.

Twelve different classes were identified in the collection, as seen in *Table 9*.

Table 9: Feature #6 Artifact Assemblage by Class

Class	FQ	%
Activities	3	0.43
Architectural	337	48.29
Clothing	7	1.00
Domestic Activity	33	4.73
Floral/Faunal	162	23.21
Foodways	73	10.46
Furnishings	1	0.14
Medical/Hygiene	44	6.30
Personal	1	0.14
Smoking	8	1.15
Unassigned	16	2.29
Unidentified	13	1.86
Total:	698	100

ACTIVITIES CLASS

The three objects in this class come from the Hand Tools, Stable/Barn, and Writing Groups. The ferrous object placed into the first group appears to be some sort of hand tool. It is a paddle-shaped rectangular piece, 1 1/4" wide with tapered, grooved sides and a squared handle. The incomplete, machine cut (1790s-1890s) horseshoe nail from the Stable/Barn Group attests to the presence of at least one horse and/or other beast of burden on site, for transportation and/or field labour.

The last group consists of a slate pencil, the presence of which is generally indicative of a child, or children, on site, being schooled in the skills of reading and writing either at home or at the community school house. School materials were often scarce in rural areas, and textbooks and paper were precious commodities. The cost of paper had dropped drastically by the 1880s when the paper manufacturing industry began to use ground wood pulp instead of the cotton and linen rag fibers originally used in paper production. Even though paper had become commonplace by the late 1800s, it was still considered simply too expensive to be used indiscriminately by children in public, rural schools, so the slate pencil and board were the norm throughout the 19th century and into the early 20th century. Nothing was ultimately wasted or thrown away. Schoolchildren used pencils cut from solid pieces of softer grades of slate to write on tablets cut from harder grades of slate. These pencils, when used on a slate writing tablet, would produce white lines similar to chalk. Slate pencils were usually 5"-8" in length, and were available with the slate core unwrapped, wrapped in paper, and encased in wood, much

like a lead pencil. Wood-cased slate pencils were sold as late as the early 1930s. The slate pencil found here is 4cm long, round in cross-section, with one rounded "factory" end and a blunt whittled end.

ARCHITECTURAL CLASS

The Architectural Class is the most dominant class from Feature #6, comprising just under half, or 48.29% (337/698) of its total assemblage. The sampled Construction Materials Group (48) aside, four other groups were noted: Electrical (2); Nails (262); Other Fasteners (1); and Window Glass (72).

Electrical Group:

The two artifacts in this group come from a single, incomplete, exterior glass insulator. It is aqua in colour, with a slightly domed mushroom-shaped crown 2 3/4" in diameter and a deep wire groove below. At least three mould seams are visible. Invented by Ezra Cornell in 1844, the first glass insulators were used for stringing telegraph wire, and, with the invention of the telephone by Graham Bell in 1876, for telephone lines. Since only the top survives, it is not possible to tell if it is threaded (post-1865).

Nails Group:

This is the largest group in this class, making up 77.74% (262/337). Of the 262 nails recovered from Feature #6, 13 are wrought (c.17th century to early 19th century) and the rest are machine cut (1790s-1890s). Five of the cut nails have hand-made heads, an early cut variety seen into the 1820s. Of the fully-machined ones, 41 are early, with irregular heads and shanks with burrs on diagonally opposite edges (c.1815s-late 1830s) and 65 are "modern" machine cut ones, with regularly-shaped heads with uniformly convex sides, and burrs on the same side of the shank (c.1835-1890s). The remaining ones were not identifiable beyond the generic "machine cut" designation, being incomplete and/or corroded. Nail length for the 153 complete nails in this collection ranges from 1" to 4", with most (135) being under 1 7/8". The incomplete nails were also noted as being predominantly "small" ones. Small nails such as these were commonly used in the construction of plaster and lath interior walls, but only two plaster fragments, both from Feature #6, were collected from the site, and it is unlikely that a small shed/outbuilding would have had finished interior walls. The nails must have been used for another purpose.

Other Fasteners Group:

A 6 $\frac{1}{2}$ " long, machine cut (1790s-1890s) ferrous spike with an L-shaped head and thick squared shank with a tapered end is the only item in this group.

Window Glass Group:

The 72 window pane glass sherds found ranged from colourless to medium green, and from a thickness of 1mm to 2.6mm, measured with vernier calipers to the nearest 0.1mm. Only ten of these are 1.55mm or under, which is the average window pane glass thickness prior to c.1850. The rest are thicker, with thirty-two falling between 1.6mm and 1.95mm, and the rest are greater. It is possible that some of the windows on this structure, originally glazed with the earlier thinner glass, had their panes broken and were replaced by some of the later, thicker glass.

CLOTHING CLASS

The seven items in this class all came out of Lot 1. They area buttons belonging to the Fasteners Group, and include ones manufactured out of bone (4), ceramic (1), and metal (2). Bone buttons were most common during the first half of the 19th century, and all five of the ones found here are plain, slightly concave, and have either four (3) or five (1) sew-through holes. The three complete ones range from 1.6cm to 1.68cm in diameter. They were commonly used for undergarments and suspenders, and were largely replaced by the last quarter of the 19th century by those made of "vegetable ivory", a material obtained from a tropical nut.

The ceramic (1) button is an "agate" button, made of a type of pressed ceramic powder made using the so-called "Prosser" process patented in 1840. This type of button was widely distributed in Canada by the late 1840s. The one found here is white, elliptical in cross-section, with four sew-through holes within a circular well in the center of the button face. It is 1.06cm in diameter, which correlates with the commercial standard size of 18 lignes (1"=40 lignes), a size commonly used with underwear and shirts. This much less expensive "agate" button largely replaced the shell buttons on these articles of clothing.

Of the two metal buttons recovered, one is made of a copper alloy and the other of a ferrous metal. The former is a flat, one-piece shank button (late 1700s to mid-19th century), 1cm in diameter and is missing its ferrous shank. Its face in engraved with the letters "LA" in cursive writing and has a laurel-leaf type wreath around its edge. The latter button is a very corroded flat disc button with four recessed sew-through holes, measuring approximately 1.69cm in diameter. It is very similar to the bone buttons and was also likely used for undergarments and suspenders during the first half of the 19th century.

DOMESTIC ACTIVITY CLASS

The Domestic Activity Class is comprised of 33 artifacts representing two different items. One, a salt-glazed, coarse stoneware (imported pre-1849, Ontario-made post-1849) bottle fragment with a dark brown exterior surface and an unglazed interior, is from the General Storage Group. It may have been a blacking, or possibly ink, bottle. The other 32 fragments are derived from a possible corroded, ferrous metal bucket from the Cleaning Group. It consists of curved sheet metal fragments, some of which have a straight edge wrapped over a thick wire, probably from the vessel's rim.

FLORAL/FAUNAL CLASS

This class is, somewhat surprisingly, the second largest class of artifacts recovered from the excavation of Feature #6, making up almost one quarter, or 23.21% (162/698), of the total assemblage. The remains of a bone midden or kitchen refuse pit may have been moved into Feature #6's depression during the leveling of the site for agricultural purposes once the domestic use of the study area came to an end around c.1850.

The assemblage is comprised of 57 bird bones, 102 mammal bones, predominantly from mid- to large-sized animals, and three eggshell fragments. Thirty-two of the bones are burnt. Twelve of these are small, calcined pieces. Most of the bone, 115, was recovered

from Lot 1, and a high proportion of these display tiny gnaw marks, evidence of rodent activity.

FOODWAYS CLASS

Only a small percentage of this feature's artifact collection, 10.26% (73/698), is food-related, and six groups were discernible: Ceramic Tableware (43); Ceramic Utilitarian Ware (4); Glass Beverage Containers (16); Glass Tableware (1); Unidentified Glass Containers (8); and Utensils (1).

The Ceramic Assemblage

<u>Tableware Group:</u>

The Tableware group makes up over half of this class' assemblage, with 43 sherds catalogued here. The 41 identifiable whiteware sherds (two are burnt) could be divided into five different ware types. Most, 27, are, not surprisingly, on refined white earthenware (1820+) (139), with both tinted (pre-1860) (11) and untinted (post-1840) (16) varieties present. The earlier 19th century ware types are represented by a couple pieces of pale, late creamware (1760-1849), and nine of pearlware (1780-1840) (76).

Although the remaining two ware types, ironstone (1847-early 20th century) (1) and porcelain (c.1790-present) (2), were both available during the suggested occupation date for the Thompson Site, they are more commonly found on post-c.1850s domestic sites. When white ironstone became popular in the 1850s, it came into the market at a status level comparable to transfer printed wares. The paste colour and porosity of ironstone varied through the years, from the more vitrified bluish-white wares typical from 1847 to the 1880s, and the lighter, more porous, creamier-coloured ironstone wares that appeared in the 1880s and continued into the 20th century. The ironstone fragment from Feature #6 is of the former type, and comes from an undecorated hollowware vessel, likely a bowl. As for the porcelain, it was never as important in the Canadian market as the earthenwares due to its cost and fragility, and it is only after the mid-19th century that cheap porcelain from the potteries of both Great Britain and the Continent came to Canada in increasing quantities.

Of the 43 "white" tableware ceramics recovered from the excavation of Feature #6, 25 sherds, or 58.14%, of the sherds, were identifiable in terms of decorative type, and a variety of different types were discernible: plain (3); painted (8); edged (1); slipware (2); and transfer printed (11).

Plain Wares

Two of the three "plain" sherds grouped here are from a flatware, creamware vessel, likely a plate, that is a pale cream in colour, typical of late creamwares (1780-1820). The other sherd is from a tinted, refined white earthenware (1820-1860) plate. Plain refined white earthenwares were little stocked by most merchants by the 1840s.

Painted Wares

The eight painted sherds found here represent a minimum of seven different hand-painted, hollowware vessels, three (4) on pearlware (1780-1840), one (1) on tinted (1820-1860) and two (1) on untinted (1840+) refined white earthenware (1820+), and one (1) on

porcelain (c.1790-present). All the motifs appear to be florals, and most are done in the peasant-style of flower execution typical for painted vessels from the 1820s to the late 1840s.

The only monochrome-coloured vessel (1) is the tinted refined white earthenware one, and it is done in a bright cobalt blue (c.1810-1860). The rest are polychrome. Two of the pearlware vessels (3) are decorated in the muted, early palette (1810-1860) earth tones and the remaining two refined white earthenware ones in the brighter, late palette (c.1830 to1872) colours. One of the latter items is thick-walled, with wide, black, interior and exterior rim lines, and may be a bowl. The last two vessels, the porcelain (1) and other pearlware one (1), are painted on top of the glaze, or "enameled". This type of decoration is most commonly associated with creamware and porcelain, though it is also found on pearlware. Enameled wares were more expensive than underglaze painted wares since overglaze painting was added after the pottery was produced and required an additional firing. Enameled wares began to be superseded by underglaze painted wares during the late 1780s.

Edged Wares

This ware type is represented by a single sherd from a dinner-sized, pearlware (1780-1840) plate. It has a green (1795-1840), evenly-scalloped edge (c.1800 to the 1840s) with regular curved incising (1795-1845).

Slipwares

The two slipware (1795 to early 20th century) vessel sherds found here are typical of those produced during the first half of the 19th century. Two different vessels are present, and one of them has a swirled motif in brown and white and may be a "second" with a dripped glaze.

Transfer Printed Wares

Eleven of the 26 decorated sherds from Feature #6 are from refined white earthenware (1820+) transfer printed (1783-present) vessels, and all but one of the six vessels identified, a brown (1832-1860, revives 1880s) plate (1), are printed in blue. The brown-printed plate, as well as a geometric-shaped (1840s-1850s) dinner plate (4) and another indeterminate flatware form (1), have untinted glazes (1840+).

The other three vessels, two teacups (4) and a dinner plate (1), have blue tinted glazes (1820-1860). Pieces of the same, and/or similar, vessels were found in other features on site. Fragments from one (#424) (1) of the two teacups, one with a dense, dark "Olde Blue" colour (1818-1830) floral pattern, were also found in Feature #4's Quad. A (#33) (33), Quad B (#71) (1), Quad. C (#106) (4), and Quad. D Lot 2 (#87) (8). The mediumblue printed teacup (#425) (3) sherds may have a match in Feature #4 Quad. A (#35) (28). A plate fragment from Feature #5b (#354), with an abstract/cobweb-like motif on its brim, matches one (#423) found here.

Utilitarian Wares:

The four utilitarian ware fragments are derived from one coarse buff (1) and two (3) coarse red earthenware (1796-1920s, Ontario-made) hollowware vessels. The only identifiable form is the buff vessel. It appears to be a tea/coffee pot, with a watery,

medium brown, all-over glaze and a rounded, ridged dome lid. It includes a handle fragment.

The Glass Assemblage

The 25 glass sherds from Feature #6 appear to be mould blown (pre-1920s) and are derived from three different items: a dark olive green bottle (3), likely used for wine, liquor or beer (Glass Beverage Containers Group); a colourless, curved, and ridged glassware item (1) of indeterminate form (Glass Tablewares Group); and a forest green, cylindrical bottle (21) from the Unidentified Glass Containers Group. Of the 21 sherds, eight came out of Lot 1 (#452), and 13 from Lot 2 (#523). More of what appears to be the same cylindrical bottle came out of Feature #5b (#358) (1). It has a hand-tooled neck and a down-tooled finish made with a finishing tool. Tools specifically designed for finishing bottles were developed in England in c.1830 and in c.1850 in America.

The Metal Assemblage

Utensils Group:

The only object in the metal assemblage comes from the Utensils Group of the Foodways Class. It is an incomplete tablespoon, represented by the bowl only, and is likely made of Britannia metal (1800-1870).

FURNISHINGS CLASS

The small, 2" long, ferrous skeleton key with an oval ring was found belonging to this class.

MEDICAL/HYGIENE CLASS

This class is represented by two groups, with three items from the Grooming/Hygiene Group (9) and another three from the Pharmaceutical Containers Group (35).

Grooming/Hygiene Group:

Two combs and a ceramic vessel were found in Feature #6. One (2) of the combs is a small, double-edged, 1 5/8" wide bone comb, often known as a lice comb, the most common type of comb found on 19th century sites. The other comb (1), a possible dressing comb, is fairly rigid, black to brown in colour, and may be made of vulcanite. Vulcanite, patented in England by Thomas Hancock, in 1843, is a hard, rigid and mouldable compound produced when rubber is heated in the presence of sulphur. It was extensively moulded into decorative and household items during the second half of the 19th century.

The ceramic vessel is a hollowware one (6), made of white ironstone (1847-1880s). It is a small, parallel-sided vessel, 3" in diameter, with a straight rim and a ringed foot rim, and likely represents a man's shaving mug. It is decorated with a fairly dark, purple (1832-present), possibly mulberry (1851-1868), geometric pattern. It may have been part of a chamber set.

Pharmaceutical Containers Group:

The three pharmaceutical bottles are all mould blown (pre-1920s), though mould type is indeterminate. There is one colourless, ovoid bottle (5), and the others two are light

green, rectangular patent bottles with recessed panels and embossing. One (3) has "LOW.../M..." and "...ER" down the side panels and the other (27), "...AYER'S.../...RY/...". It has a rounded finish made with a finishing tool (c.1830-1920s).

PERSONAL CLASS

A copper-alloy token from the Currency Class was found in Lot 2 of this feature. It is a Brock token, tokens struck about 1816 to honour one of the heroes of the War of 1812, Major General Sir Isaac Brock, commander of the British troops in Upper Canada. These tokens soon became too plentiful and fell into discredit. The one recovered here has a monument and "Sir Isaac Brock the Hero of Upper Canada" on the obverse and "1816" with "Success to Commerce & Peace to the World" on the reverse.

SMOKING CLASS

The eight artifacts recovered belonging to this class are from the Smoking Group, and all are fragments of pipes manufactured from white ball clay. There are six stem and two bowl fragments. None of the bowls bear decoration and the stem pieces are unmarked. It is therefore impossible to identify either the maker or the country in which they were made. Four of the stems have a glazed mouthpiece, which would prevent the smoker's lips from sticking to the porous clay.

UNASSIGNED CLASS

The 16 items in this class are made of ferrous metal, and include an incomplete, flat-topped, slot-headed wood screw (1840s+) from the Miscellaneous Hardware Group, and a sheet metal fragment and 14 flat, strapping pieces from the Miscellaneous Materials Group. The strapping pieces range from thin strips 1/8" wide (12) to 1" (1). Pieces of the former were found in both Lots 1 and 2, and the latter strap is perforated with two corroded, flat-topped, slot-headed wood screws. It has wood fragments still attached to its back and the screw shanks.

UNIDENTIFIED CLASS

Items that could not definitively be assigned to any particular class, or were unidentifiable as to form or function were lumped into the "Unidentified" class. There are 13 such items in Feature #6's assemblage, including nine ferrous metal objects and four container glass fragments. The metal artifacts include eight curved, corroded pieces from what may be a can, suggesting the use of some form of store-bought canned goods, and a possible cast iron stove door fragment. The latter item has a recessed center panel with a Greek key-like motif around its perimeter. Of the four glass fragments, two are melted, but the other two, from different vessels, were identifiable as being mould blown (pre-1920s). One of the containers appears to be made in a post-bottom mould (c.1850+).

FEATURE #2a: Undifferentiated Pit

Feature #2a, a pit feature measuring 225cm in length, 50cm in width, and reaching a depth of 13cm, contained a sample of two small, exfoliated, coarse red earthenware brick fragments from the Construction Materials Group of the Architectural Class. Given the date of the site, they are presumably hand made.

FEATURE #2b: Undifferentiated Pit

This large, shallow pit feature was 525cm long, 225cm wide and 13cm deep, and contained only three artifacts, including a 2 1/8", corroded machine cut nail (1790s-1890s) from the Nail Group of the Architectural Class, and two hollowware, ceramic fragments from the Foodways Class. One of the ceramics is from a pearlware (1780-1840) tableware vessel, likely a tea cup, hand-painted in the early palette colours (1810-1860). The other one is a coarse red earthenware utilitarian vessel (1796-1920, Ontariomade) with a clear lead glaze and two possible white lines on the exterior below the rim.

Additional Comments on the Ceramic Tableware Site Assemblage

The total ceramic tableware assemblage recovered from the site is 429, and 423 of these were identifiable in terms of ware type. With the exception of the black basalt (1750-1820) fragment, the rest are "whitewares". Refined white earthenware is the dominant ware type noted, making up 68.32% (289/423). Of these, 107 display a blue-tinted glaze (1820-1860) and the rest, 182, or 62.88%, are untinted (1840+). The earlier creamware (1780-1849) and pearlware (1780-1840), and later ironstone (1847+), are represented by 4.73% (20/423), 25.77% (109/423) and 0.24% (1/423), respectively, of the tableware sherds found. The last ware, porcelain (1805+), makes up only 0.71% (3/423). This variety of tableware types and the ratio with which they appear relative to other ware types in the assemblage is in keeping with what one would expect from a domestic site occupied predominantly during the 1830s and 1840s.

Creamware, plain, hand-painted, edged, slip/banded, and sponged wares, and the simple moulded (10) wares found here, were some of the cheapest types of ceramics available throughout the 19th century, being stocked by most local stores even in the most rural of areas. These inexpensive types make up just over half of the decorated ceramic assemblage, at 53.21% (149/280). The more costly wares, the transfer printed wares, along with the black basalt, ironstone and porcelain, comprise the remaining 46.79% (131/280). This ratio of inexpensive to costly wares is almost identical to what was noted during the Stage 2/3 analysis, at 56.86%. The Thompsons may have been slightly better off economically than the average settler in the latter part of the first half of the 19th century.

Whereas the wealthier members of a community could afford to buy the "latest thing" in ceramics and to replace their entire dinner or tea services at frequent intervals, most settlers could not. Apart from possible tea cup and saucer sets, none of the decorated wares appear to match. No "set", or dinnerware service, was identified. The Thompsons likely bought their vessels by the piece, mixing and matching decorative types at the table, with their purchases geared to replacement after breakage. That all the dishes matched does not seem to have been a concern. Sets were more costly and likely considered frivolous in less economically prosperous households where little formal entertaining would have taken place. In general, the average settler's income would not have permitted the extravagance of buying a complete set in a single purchase.

4.0 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

During the month of July, 2006, *Archeoworks Inc.* undertook the Stage 4 Mitigation of the Thompson Site (AiGw-428), within Lot 14, Concession 1 NDS, in the Town of Oakville, Regional Municipality of Halton, Ontario. The overall site assemblage, and the ceramic and nail assemblage in particular, recovered during the Stage 4 work on the Thompson Site exhibits trends that are in keeping with the documented dates of popularity and production for the various artifacts discussed above, and support the proposed 1830s-1840s occupation date for the site. Based on this archaeological information, the Thompsons appear to have used the land for domestic purposes for at least two decades, during the 1830s and 1840s, and for agricultural ones after c.1850. There is little doubt that most settlers and their families expected to improve their homesteads over time once help, materials, and, of course, money, became available. At the time of this homestead's occupation, they appear to have been of modest economic resources, living very much the life of the average early settler in Canada West.

On the basis of the results of the complete Stage 4 mitigations and extensive artifactual analysis outlined in this report, the following recommendations are submitted to the *Ministry of Culture (MCL)*:

- 1. The Thompson Site (AiGw-428) should be deemed cleared of further archaeological consideration.
- 2. In the event that deeply buried archaeological remains are encountered during construction, the office of the Regulatory & Operations Group, *Ministry of Culture* [416-314-7143] should be contacted immediately.
- 3. In the event that human remains are encountered during land development, the *Ministry of Culture* [416-314-7143] and the Registrar or Deputy Registrar of the Cemeteries Regulation Unit of the *Ministry of Consumer and Business Services* [416-326-8404] should be contacted immediately.

Under Section 6 of Regulation 881 of the Ontario Heritage Act, *Archeoworks Inc.* will, "keep in safekeeping all objects of archaeological significance that are found and all field records that are made."

5.0 BIBLIOGRAPHY

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APPENDIX A:

<u>CATALOGUE OF RECOVERED ARTIFACTS</u> <u>THE THOMPSON SITE: AiGw-428</u>

Record	Prov.	FQ	Material	Class	Group Construction	Object	Datable Attribute	Ware	Alt	Comments
1	F.2a	2	Brick	Architectural	Materials Construction	Sample	CEW, red unglazed	CEW		small, exfoliated, weathered pcs.
2	F.4 Quad A	5	Brick	Architectural	Materials	Sample	CEW, red unglazed	CEW		exfoliated, weathered pcs. unglazed ext'r, speckled dark
3	F.4 Quad A	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW		brown int'r mostly unglazed ext'r,clr speckled
4	F.4 Quad A	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW		band arnd rim, exfoliated int'r
5	F.4 Quad A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW		unglazed ext'r, exfoliated int'r grayish paste,fairly brght yllw glz
6	F.4 Quad A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, glazed	CEW		both, small galley lid rim, more #326
7	F.4 Quad A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	Refined White EW Whiteware,	RWE		undecorated
8	F.4 Quad A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tableware	indeterminate Pearlware, blue	XWE	b	undecorated, blackened
9	F.4 Quad A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	transfer	PWE		ind't landscape pattern blue, scalloped, regular curved
10	F.4 Quad A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, edged	RWE		incising, impressed bud,bluish tint blue, scalloped, regular curved
11	F.4 Quad A	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	Pearlware, edged	PWE		incising, mend
12	F.4 Quad A	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass				med green, 1.5mm thick, swirled lines
13	F.4 Quad A	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass				med green, 1.55mm thick
14	F.4 Quad A	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass				med green, 1.6mm thick
15	F.4 Quad A	4	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass				med green, 1.65mm thick, swirled lines
16	F.4 Quad A	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut			incomplete, coroded
17	F.4 Quad A	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut			1 1/2", corroded
18	F.4 Quad A	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut			2", corroded
19	F.4 Quad A	1	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone Construction	Mammal Bone				butchered, rib bone, mid-size
20	F.4 Quad A	4	Brick	Architectural	Materials Construction	Sample	CEW, red unglazed	CEW		1 pc. approx. 4.9cm thick, hand made
21	F.4 Quad A	5	Brick	Architectural	Materials Construction	Sample	CEW, red unglazed	CEW		small, exfoliated pcs.
22	F.4 Quad A	2	Mortar	Architectural	Materials	Sample				Unglazed ex'tr, med brown
23	F.4 Quad A	4	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW		speckled int'r unglazed ex'tr, reddish-brown
24	F.4 Quad A	6	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW		speckled int'r

F.4 Quad A 3 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Util. Ware Hollowware Fine Earthenware RCE likely tea/coffee pot CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of the pot CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of the pot CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of the pot CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of the pot CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of the pot CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of the pot CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of the pot CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of the pot CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of the pot CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of the pot CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of the pot CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of CEW, extending the foodware RWE, plain RWE undecorated nin 3 value for CEW, extending the foodware RWE, plain RWE undecorated nin 3 value for CEW, extending the foodware RWE, plain RWE undecorated nin 3 value for CEW, extending the foodware RWE, plain RWE undecorated nin 3 value for CEW, extending the foodware RWE, plain RWE undecorated nin 3 value for CEW, extending the foodware RWE, plain RWE undecor	e both sides,
26 F.4 Quad A 1 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Util. Ware Hollowware CEW, red glazed CEW Unglazed ext'r, exfolional control of the c	y both sides,
F.4 Quad A 2 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Flatware Refined White EW RWE undecorated Part Quad A 1 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Flatware RWE, plain RWE F.4 Quad A 36 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Plate Pearlware PWE undecorated, min. 3 v mono blue, floral, pearly palette, flo	iated int'r
28 F.4 Quad A 1 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Flatware RWE, plain RWE 29 F.4 Quad A 36 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Plate Pearlware PWE undecorated, min. 3 v mono blue, floral, pea mono blue, floral, pea bluish tint early palette, floral, pea brown, green, bluish tint early palette, floral, pea brown, green, bluish tint mono blue, wide blue service F.4 Quad A 2 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Flatware RWE, painted RWE brown, green, bluish tint mono blue, wide blue service F.4 Quad A 2 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Flatware RWE, painted RWE lines/floral?, bluish tint floral pattern both sid sid stract w Greek key	
29 F.4 Quad A 36 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Plate Pearlware PWE undecorated, min. 3 v mono blue, floral, pearly palette, floral, pearly palett	
mono blue, floral, pea 30 F.4 Quad A 1 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Flatware RWE, painted RWE bluish tint early palette, floral, pea bluish tint early palette, floral, pea brown, green, bluish to mono blue, wide blue 32 F.4 Quad A 2 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Flatware RWE, painted RWE lines/floral?, bluish tin floral pattern both sid 33 F.4 Quad A 33 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Tea Cup RWE, blue transfer RWE handled, bluish tint, months abstract w Greek key	vessels
30 F.4 Quad A 1 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Flatware RWE, painted RWE bluish tint early palette, floral, point of the sum of the property of the sum of the part of the	
31 F.4 Quad A 1 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Hollowware RWE, polychrome RWE brown, green, bluish to mono blue, wide blue 32 F.4 Quad A 2 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Flatware RWE, painted RWE lines/floral?, bluish tin floral pattern both sid 33 F.4 Quad A 33 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Tea Cup RWE, blue transfer RWE handled, bluish tint, more abstract w Greek key	• ,
mono blue, wide blue 32 F.4 Quad A 2 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Flatware RWE, painted RWE lines/floral?,bluish tin floral pattern both sid 33 F.4 Quad A 33 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Tea Cup RWE, blue transfer RWE handled,bluish tint,mo abstract w Greek key	easant-style,
32 F.4 Quad A 2 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Flatware RWE, painted RWE lines/floral?,bluish tin floral pattern both sid sides floral pattern both sides floral pattern b	
floral pattern both side states and the state of the states of the state	
33 F.4 Quad A 33 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Tea Cup RWE, blue transfer RWE handled, bluish tint, mo abstract w Greek key	· ·
abstract w Greek key	
	,
34 F.4 Quad A 7 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Flatware RWE, blue transfer RWE slightly blurred print	
34 F.4 Quad A 7 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Flatware RWE, blue transfer RWE slightly blurred print rural Indscpwchldrn,p	
DAVENPORTw anch	
35 F.4 Quad A 28 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Saucer RWE, blue transfer RWE 2 nd , bluisht	nor, cone voase
36 F.4 Quad A 8 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Flatware RWE, blue transfer RWE large floral pattern	
37 F.4 Quad A 3 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Plate, Dinner Pearlware, edged PWE blue, scalloped, regular	ar curved incising
blue, scalloped, regular	
38 F.4 Quad A 4 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Plate, Dinner Pearlware, edged PWE straight incising, more	
blue, unscalloped, em	
39 F.4 Quad A 1 Ceramic Foodways Ceramic Tableware Plate, Dinner RWE, edged RWE geometric shape?, more	re#86,99
40 F.4 Quad A 1 Glass Architectural Window Glass Pane Glass med green, 1.05mm tl	hick
41 F.4 Quad A 2 Glass Architectural Window Glass Pane Glass med green, 1.1mm thi	ick
42 F.4 Quad A 2 Glass Architectural Window Glass Pane Glass med green, 1.2mm thi	ick
Glass dark olive green, curv	ved, thin,
43 F.4 Quad A 17 Glass Foodways Bev.Containers Bottle Mould blown likely wine/liquor	
Unid.Glass colourless, curved & t	· ·
44 F.4 Quad A 9 Glass Unidentified Containers Bottle Mould blown textured surface, more	
45 F.4 Quad A 1 Glass Architectural Window Glass Pane Glass colourless, 1.9mm thi	
46 F.4 Quad A 1 Ferrous Architectural Nails Nail Wrought incomplete and/or con	
47 F.4 Quad A 8 Ferrous Architectural Nails Nail Cut incomplete and/or con	
48 F.4 Quad A 1 Ferrous Architectural Nails Nail Cut 3 1/4", corroded, clind	
incomplete and/or con	rroded, hand
49 F.4 Quad A 2 Ferrous Architectural Nails Nail Hand Cut made heads	
50 F.4 Quad A 2 Ferrous Unidentified Unidentifiable Unidentifiable Unidentifiable tapered flat sheet meta	

51	F.4 Quad A	1	Ferrous	Unidentified	Unidentifiable	Unidentifiable	Unidentifiable		tapered solid pc.,triangular in cross-section4 1/2" long, corroded
50	E 4 O 4 A	1	Г	A	Door/Window	D-44 II:			2 1/2"x1 1/2"1side,other tongue/half
52 52	F.4 Quad A	1 15	Ferrous Bone	Architectural Faunal/Floral	Hardware	Butt Hinge Mammal Bone			circle-shape w single perforation small-mid.sized, eroded,incl.4 teeth
53 54	F.4 Quad A			Faunal/Floral	Bone	Bird Bone			sman-mid.sized, eroded,inci.4 teeth
54	F.4 Quad A F.4 Quad A	1	Bone	Faunai/Fiorai	Bone	Bird Bone			
55	L.2 F.4 Quad A	3	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.5mm thick
56	L.2	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.75mm thick
57	F.4 Quad B	5	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW	unglazed ext'r, exfoliated int'r
		_					,		dark brown glaze all sides,
58	F.4 Quad B	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Handles/Pulls	CEW, red glazed	CEW	extruded, likely pitcher
59	F.4 Quad B	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW	unglazed ext'r, clear int'r
				•			_		med brown large speckled
60	F.4 Quad B	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW	glaze both sides
									unglzd ext'r,md brwn spckld int'r,
61	F.4 Quad B	19	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Crock	CEW, red glazed	CEW	flattopwconcave1 1/4collar,a11"diam.
60	E40 .1D	25	C	T 1	Committee III Wenn	D' Di d	CEW 1 .1 1	CEW	unglzd ext'r,reddish-brown int'r w
62	F.4 Quad B	25	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Pie Plate	CEW, red glazed	CEW	dark brown wavy slip line under glz
63	F.4 Quad B	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Creamware	CCE	undecorated, late
64	F.4 Quad B	5	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Refined White EW	RWE	undecorated
65	F.4 Quad B	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	Refined White EW	RWE	undecorated
66	E 4 Oved D	2	Camamia	Foodwaya	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	DWE malvahuama	RWE	late palette, floral, peasant-style,
66	F.4 Quad B	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Cerannic Tableware	Piate	RWE, polychrome	KWE	red, blue,grn,moulded rim blue, edge exfoliated, regular
67	F.4 Quad B	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	RWE, edged	RWE	shallow curved incising
68	F.4 Quad B	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, edged	RWE	blue, scalloped, impressed bud
69	F.4 Quad B	1		Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	Pearlware, edged	PWE	blue, scalloped, regular curved incising
0)	111 Quua B	•	Corumic	100411435	Ceranic Table ware	1 1410	r carryare, cagea	1 1,12	green, scalloped, regular curved
70	F.4 Quad B	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	Pearlware, edged	PWE	incising, glaze bubble,2nd?
				·					floral pattern both sides, bluish tint,
71	F.4 Quad B	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	RWE, blue transfer	RWE	more#33,87,106,424
									bands brown, white, blue w mustard
72	•	2		Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	Pearlware, slipware	PWE	yellow rouletted rim
73	F.4 Quad B	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.35mm thick
74	F.4 Quad B	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.55mm thick
75	F.4 Quad B	1	Glass	Foodways	Glass	Bottle	Mould blown		dark olive green, curved, thin,

sides wrap arnd straight wire,hndle?

					Bev.Containers				likely wine/liquor
76	F.4 Quad B	1	Glass	Medical/Hygiene	Pharm. Containers	Vial	Mould blown		light blue, approx. 1.7cm diam.
77	F.4 Quad B	2	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut		incomplete and/or corroded
78	F.4 Quad B	3	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		incomplete and/or corroded, "modern" incomplete, corroded, hand
79	F.4 Quad B	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut		made rosehead
80	F.4 Quad B	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut		1 3/4", corroded
81	F.4 Quad B	1	Ferrous	Unassigned	Misc. Material	Wire			
82	F.4 Quad B	23	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone Construction	Mammal Bone			mid-large sized
83	F.4 Quad B F.4 Quad D	1	Brick	Architectural	Materials	Sample	CEW, red glazed	CEW	hand made
84	L.2	4	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	Pearlware	PWE	undecorated
85	F.4 Quad D L.2	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	Pearlware, edged	PWE	blue, scalloped, regular shallow straight incising, more#38,103
86	F.4 Quad D L.2	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	RWE, edged	RWE	blue, unscalloped, embossed rim panels, geometric shape,more#39,99
87	F.4 Quad D L.2	8	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	RWE, blue transfer	RWE	floral pattern both sides, bluish tint, more#33,71,106
	F.4 Quad D								2 5/8", hand made flat round head,
88	L.2 F.4 Quad D	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought		corroded
89	L.2	1	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone			weathered unglazed ext'r, med brown speckled
90	F.4 Quad C	11	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Crock	CEW, red glazed	CEW	int'r,base approx.6"D,utilcrkorbowl red, dark brown glaze both sides,
91	F.4 Quad C	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	Fine Earthenware	RCE	likely tea/coffee pot unglazed ext'r, light yellowish brown
92	F.4 Quad C	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW	int'r
93	F.4 Quad C	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Pearlware	PWE	undecorated
94	F.4 Quad C	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Refined White EW	RWE	undecorated
95	F.4 Quad C	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	Pearlware	PWE	undecorated
96	F.4 Quad C	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	Refined White EW	RWE	undecorated, lidded item
97	F.4 Quad C	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Handles/Pulls	Refined White EW	RWE	moulded mid-sized handle, bluish tint exfoliated surface, shallow regular
98	F.4 Quad C	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, edged	RWE	straight incising blue, unscalloped, embossed rim panels,
99	F.4 Quad C	5	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	RWE, edged	RWE	geometric shape, more#39,86
100	F.4 Quad C	7	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Saucer	RWE, edged RWE, blue transfer	RWE	rural landscape, large floral border,

									bluish tint, more#35,teacup#425? mono blue, wide blue band w
101	F.4 Quad C	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	RWE, painted	RWE	lines/floral?,bluish tint, more#32 brim moulded w brwn running
102	F.4 Quad C	7	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, moulded	RWE	dogs&rd floral,ovrglz painted,more#414? blue, scalloped, regular shallow
103	F.4 Quad C	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	Pearlware, edged	PWE	straight incising, more#38,85
104	F.4 Quad C	4	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	Pearlware, edged	PWE	blue, scalloped, ind't incising
105	F.4 Quad C	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	RWE, edged	RWE	blue, scalloped, regular shallow curved incising
103	1.4 Quad C	1	Ceranne	Toodways	Ceranne Tableware	riate, Diffici	KWE, eugeu	KWL	floral pattern both sides, bluish tint,
106	F.4 Quad C	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	RWE, blue transfer	RWE	more#33,87,71,424
107	F.4 Quad C	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	Refined White EW	RWE	undecorated,London shape
100	F40 -10	1	C	Г 1	Committee Table	Transition of	DWE 1 -1	DWE	late palette, floral, peasant-style,
108	F.4 Quad C	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	RWE, polychrome	RWE	black,grn, blue, bell-shape undecorated, 3 1/2" x 3" rectang.
109	F.4 Quad C	11	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	Pearlware	PWE	vessel w rnded corners
110	F.4 Quad C	3	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.65mm thick
	E 4 0 1 0	•	C1	P 1	Glass	D1	Nr. 1111		dark olive green, curved, thin,
111	F.4 Quad C	2	Glass	Foodways	Bev.Containers Unid.Glass	Bottle	Mould blown		likely wine/liquor colourless, curved & flat, mould
112	F.4 Quad C	4	Glass	Unidentified	Containers	Bottle	Mould blown		textured surface, more #44
	_				Unid.Glass				
113	F.4 Quad C	3	Glass	Unidentified	Containers	Bottle	Mould blown		colourless, curved, thin
114	F.4 Quad C	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Lid	Basalt	BAS	blck basalt,rnd slightly domed galley lid,apprx.4"D,chattered ring mot
115	F.4 Quad C	1		Foodways	Utensils	Fork	2 Pronged	DAS	1 pc. rattail tang, handle missing
113	1.1 Quad C	•	1 CHOUS	1 oodways	Ctelisiis	TOIK	2 i iongea		1pc.flat hndle,tines missing,bone
116	F.4 Quad C	2	Composite	Foodways	Utensils	Fork	Unidentifiable		hndl w diagonal incsd lines, fer pins
117	E40 10	2	Е	Г. 1	TT. '1	G.			min. 2, 1 complete, "Windsor"
117	F.4 Quad C F.4 Quad C	3 1	Ferrous	Foodways Architectural	Utensils Nails	Spoon Nail	Cut		handle pattern, large tablespoons
118 119	F.4 Quad C F.4 Quad C	32	Ferrous Bone	Faunal/Floral	Nans Bone	Mammal Bone	Cut		incomplete, corroded predom. lrg, incl. mandle & teeth
120	F.4 Quad C	1	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone			butchered, rib bone, weathered
120	F.5a Quad	1	Donc	raunai/1 Totai	Construction	Manimal Bone			butchered, 110 bone, weathered
121	A	2	Brick	Architectural	Materials	Sample			small pcs., exfoliated
	F.5a Quad	_	~ .	~					
122	A	2	Ceramic	Smoking	Smoking Pipes	White Clay, Plain		CEW	
123	F.5a Quad	4	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW	unglazed ext'r, exfoliated int'r

	A									
	F.5a Quad									
124	A	4	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW		unglazed ext'r, med brown speckled int'r
	F.5a Quad	_	a .	.	G	** **	CTVV 1 1 1	CETT		dark brown streaked ext'r,
125	A	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW	b	dark brown int'r
10-	F.5a Quad	_		T	G	G 1	CETT 1 1 1	CETT		unglzd ex'tr,clear speckled bubbled
126	A	7	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Crock	CEW, red glazed	CEW		int'r, collared,utilcrk/bowl
105	F.5a Quad	_	a .	.	G	** **	Fine	D.GE		
127	A	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	Earthenware	RCE		red, dark brown glaze both sides
	F.5a Quad	_	~ .		~		~	~~-		
128	A	7	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Creamware	CCE		undecorated, late
	F.5a Quad		~ .		~					
129	A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Pearlware	PWE		undecorated
	F.5a Quad									
130	A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Pearlware	PWE	b	undecorated
	F.5a Quad									undecorated, impressed
131	A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Pearlware	PWE		DAVENPORT w anchor on base
	F.5a Quad		~ .		~		Whiteware,			
132	A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	indeterminate	XWE	b	Undecorated
	F.5a Quad						Whiteware,			
133	A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tableware	indeterminate	XWE	b	Undecorated
	F.5a Quad						Whiteware,			thick, flat cream-coloured (CCE?)
134	A	1	Ceramic	Unidentified	Unidentifiable	Flatware	indeterminate	XWE	b	pc.w striations/unfinished sides
	F.5a Quad	_	~ .		~		Refined White			
135	A	7	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	EW	RWE		Undecorated
	F.5a Quad		~ .		~		Refined White			
136	A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	EW	RWE		Undecorated
405	F.5a Quad		a .	.	G	T	Refined White	D.11.15		
137	A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	EW	RWE		undecorated, bluish tint
4.00	F.5a Quad		a .	.	G	** **	. .	DILLE		** 1
138	A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	Pearlware	PWE		Undecorated
	F.5a Quad	_	~ .		~					
139	A	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	RWE, sponged	RWE		blue, dense, softened-bell shape
4.40	F.5a Quad		a .	.	G	701	D	D.11.15		blue,unscalloped, regular shallow
140	A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, edged	RWE		straight incising,erratic "bleeding"
1 4 1	F.5a Quad	4	.	г 1	C : T 11	DI 4	DWE 1 1	DATE		blue, ind't scalloped, embossed
141	A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, edged	RWE		rope border
1.40	F.5a Quad		G .	F 1	C : T 11	DI :	DIVID 1 1	DIVE		11 16 6 6 17 6
142	A	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, edged	RWE		blue, scalloped, front exfoliated
143	F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	Pearlware,	PWE		early palette, floral, peasant-style,

	A F.5a Quad						polychrome RWE,		olive green early palette, floral, peasant-style,
144	A F.5a Quad	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	polychrome RWE,	RWE	blue, brown late palette, floral, peasant-style,
145	A F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	polychrome	RWE	brown, forest green
146	A F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, painted RWE,	RWE	blue line late palette, black rim line,
147	A F.5a Quad	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Saucer	polychrome RWE,	RWE	min. 2 vessels early palette, brown rim line,
148	A F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	polychrome	RWE	bluish tint
149	A F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, slipware RWE,	RWE	brown int'r rim line, bluish tint
150	A F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	polychrome RWE,	RWE	late palette, pale blue line
151	A F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	polychrome RWE, other	RWE	late palette, blue line, bell-shape red, floral? pattern, appears to
152	A F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tableware	transfer Pearlware, blue	RWE	be underglaze painted in red
153	A F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	transfer RWE, other	PWE	floral pattern?1 purple, floral on stippled
154	A F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	transfer	RWE	background, more#216 band of raised ovoid beading
155	A F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	RWE, moulded	RWE	just below rim possible blue mocha dendritic?
156	A F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, slipware	RWE	motif, glaze crawled, 2nd?
157	A F.5a Quad	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.0mm thick
158	A F.5a Quad	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.05mm thick, patinated
159	A F.5a Quad	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.4mm thick
160	A F.5a Quad	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.5mm thick
161	A F.5a Quad	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.55mm thick
162 163	A F.5a Quad	1 1	Glass Glass	Architectural Architectural	Window Glass Window Glass	Pane Glass Pane Glass			med green, 1.6mm thick med green, 1.75mm thick

	A F.5a Quad							
164	A	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass Unid.		pale green, 2.2mm thick
	F.5a Quad				Unid.Glass	Bottle/Cont.		
165	A	1	Glass	Unidentified	Containers	Glass	Mould blown	colourless, curved
	F.5a Quad							
166	A	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought	incomplete, rosehead
	F.5a Quad						•	•
167	A	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought	incomplete, irregular head
	F.5a Quad						8	1 / 2
168	A	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought	1 3/4", rosehead, clinched
100	F.5a Quad	-	1 011 0 005	11101111001011	1 (411)	1,001		1 57 1 , 10 serieuu, erineneu
169	A	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought	2 1/4", rosehead
10)	F.5a Quad	-	1 011 0 005	11101111001011	1 (411)	1,001		- i, i , i o serieud
170	A	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought	2 5/8", irregular small head
170	F.5a Quad	•	1011045	THOMEOGRAF	Titalis	11411	Wioagii	incomplete and/or corroded,
171	A	19	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut	1 clinched
1/1	F.5a Quad	17	remous	7 Hemiteeturur	Tulis	Tuil	Cut	Termened
172	A	4	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut	incomplete, finishing nails
1/2	F.5a Quad	7	1 cirous	Memiceturar	Tuns	rum	Cut	meompiete, mismig nans
173	A Quad	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut	incomplete, roseheads
173	F.5a Quad	7	1 cirous	Atemicetural	Talls	Ivan	Trana Cut	meompiete, roseneaus
174	A Quad	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut	incomplete, 2-faceted head
1/4		1	remous	Architectural	INalis	Ivaii	Hallu Cut	mcompiete, z-raceted nead
175	F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut	2.1/2" imposulan aguanad baad
175	A E 5 a Oward	1	remous	Architectural	INalis	Naii	Hand Cut	2 1/2", irregular squared head
176	F.5a Quad	1	F	A 1. 24 4 1	NT. 11.	NJ . 11	H10.4	2.2/4# : 1
176	A E.f. O . 1	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut	2 3/4", irregular rosehead
1.77	F.5a Quad	1	Б	A 1.1 1	NT '1	NT '1	и 10.	2" 1 1
177	A	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut	3", rosehead
170	F.5a Quad	1.5			N7 '11	3.7 '1	M. II. G.	incomplete and/or corroded,
178	A	15	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	"modern"
. = .	F.5a Quad	_	_					
179	A	2	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	1 1/2", "modern"
	F.5a Quad							
180	A	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	1 3/4", "modern"
	F.5a Quad							
181	A	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	2 5/8", "modern", finishing
	F.5a Quad							
182	A	3	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	2 7/8", "modern"

	F.5a Quad									
183	A F.5a Quad	3	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut			3", "modern"
184	A F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut			3 1/8", "modern", finishing
185	A F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous Copper-	Unassigned	Misc. Material	Strapping				flat, 3/4" wide
186	A F.5a Quad	1	alloy	Unassigned	Misc. Material	Wire				thin, flattened pc., curved end
187	A F.5a Quad	26	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone				small-mid.sized, incl. tooth
188	A F.5a Quad	2	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone				mid sized, butchered, saw marks
189	A F.5a Quad	2	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone Construction	Mammal Bone	CEW, red		b	calcined, small pcs.
190	B F.5a Quad	1	Brick	Architectural	Materials Construction	Sample	unglazed	CEW		exfoliated
191	B F.5a Quad	1	Mortar	Architectural	Materials	Sample				incl. complete bowl & 1/2 stem,
192	B F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Smoking	Smoking Pipes	White Clay, Plain	Bowl			unmarked
193	B F.5a Quad	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW		unglazed ext'r, exfoliated int'r exfoliated ext'r, med brown
194	B F.5a Quad	4	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW		speckled int'r unglazed ext'r, med-light brown
195	B F.5a Quad	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW		int'r unglazed ext'r, med-light brown
196	B F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW		slightly bubbled int'r glaze unglazed ext'r, dark brown int'r,
197	B F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed Fine	CEW		thick
198	B F.5a Quad	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	Earthenware	RCE		red, dark brown glaze both sides mottld clr-yllwish brwn spckld glz
199	B F.5a Quad	13	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Crock	CEW, red glazed	CEW		both sides, everted rim, bulboussides
200	B F.5a Quad	4	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Creamware Refined White	CCE		undecorated, late
201	B F.5a Quad	11	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	EW Refined White	RWE		undecorated
202	B	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Saucer	EW	RWE		undecorated, bluish tint

203	F.5a Quad B	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	Refined White EW	RWE	b	undecorated
204	F.5a Quad B	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Pearlware	PWE	b	undecorated
205	F.5a Quad B F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, edged	RWE	b	blue, unscalloped, embossed rim panels, geometric shape,more#39,86 blue, scalloped, regular shallow
206	B F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, edged	RWE		curved incising blue,unscalloped,very faint widely-
207	B F.5a Quad	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, edged	RWE		spaced curved incising,thin bl edg
208	B F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, edged	RWE		blue, scalloped, impressed bud blue band, unscalloped, very
209	B F.5a Quad	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	RWE, edged	RWE		shallow regular curved incising bl band,unscllpd,embssd lines
210	B F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	RWE, edged Pearlware,	RWE		w shallow curve incsg,glzd chip,2nd
211	B F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	moulded	PWE		ind't moulding on brim
212	B F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, slipware	RWE		pale blue & white narrow bands
213	B F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, slipware RWE,	RWE		mocha, blue dendritic motif early palette,floral, peasant-style,
214	B F.5a Quad	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	polychrome Pearlware,	RWE		brown, blue, brown int'r rim line
215	B F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Saucer	painted RWE, other	PWE		mono blue, floral, peasant-style purple, floral on stippled
216	B F.5a Quad	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	transfer RWE, blue	RWE		background, more#154 floral pattern, bluish tint, sim
217	B F.5a Quad	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	transfer RWE, blue	RWE		pattern to teacup #33,87,106
218	B F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	transfer Pearlware, blue	RWE		ind't landscape, London-shape
219	B F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	transfer RWE, other	PWE		ind't pattern blck,lndscp patt,back imprssd
220	B F.5a Quad	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	transfer	RWE		"D"&anchor w"3"on L,bluishtint
221	B F.5a Quad	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass				med green, 0.9mm thick
222	В	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass				med green, 1mm thick

	F.5a Quad								
223	B F.5a Quad	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.65mm thick
224	В	1	Glass	Foodways	Glass Tableware	Glassware	Mould blown		colourless, curved, fire-polished rim colourless, curved & rounded
225	F.5a Quad B	1	Glass	Foodways	Glass Tableware	Glassware	Mould blown		ridges, pressed?
226	F.5a Quad B	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought		incomplete
227	F.5a Quad B	5	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut		incomplete and/or corroded
228	F.5a Quad B	2	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut		incomplete, hand made irregular
229	F.5a Quad B	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut		1 1/4", large rosehead, roofing?
230	F.5a Quad B	3	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		incomplete and/or corroded, "modern"
231	F.5a Quad B	2	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		1 1/2", "modern"
232	F.5a Quad B	2	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		2 3/4", "modern", clinched
233	F.5a Quad B	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		4 1/8", "modern"
234	F.5a Quad B	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		2 1/4", "modern, clinched
235	F.5a Quad B	1	Ferrous	Unidentified	Unidentifiable	Unidentifiable	Unidentifiable		tapered flat sheet metalwlong sides wrap arnd straight wire,hndle?
236	F.5a Quad B	9	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone			mid-large sized
237	F.5a Quad B	1	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone		b	calcined, small pc.
238	F.5a Quad B	11	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Bird Bone			
239	F.5a Quad B	1	Ceramic	Smoking	Smoking Pipes	White Clay, Marked Stem	Murray, (Wm & Co.), Glasgow		
240	F.5a Quad B	2	Brick	Architectural	Construction Materials	Sample	CEW, red unglazed	CEW	exfoliated, small pcs.
241	F.5a Quad B	2	Mortar	Architectural	Construction Materials	Sample	, 2		. 1
	F.5a Quad B				Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW rad alazad	CEW	unglezed outly outslicted inth
242	D	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Cerannic Otn. ware	поножжате	CEW, red glazed	CEW	unglazed ext'r, exfoliated int'r

243	F.5a Quad B F.5a Quad	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW	exfoliated ext'r, dark brown mottled int'r
244	B	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW	exfoliated ext'r, clear int'r unglzd ext'r, clear int'r w dark
245	F.5a Quad B F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW	brown line below narrow brim,same#306
246	В	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW	exfoliated ext'r, green int'r unglzd ext'r,drk brwn int'r,narrow
247	F.5a Quad C F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW	brim w broken pc&lumpsyet glazed2nd
248	C F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Creamware	CCE b	undecorated, late
249	C F.5a Quad	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Pearlware	PWE	undecorated undecorated, min. 6 vessels, bluish
250	C F.5a Quad	13	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Refined White EW	RWE	tint
251	C F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	Refined White EW	RWE	undecorated
252	C F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	Refined White EW	RWE	undecorated, large vessel, bluish tint mono blue (?), floral, likely bell-
253	C F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	RWE, painted	RWE	shape late palette, floral, brown, green,
254	С	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	RWE, polychrome	RWE	blue, black int'r rim line pale blue band, unscalloped,
255	F.5a Quad C	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, edged	RWE	shallow chicken claw motif blue band, unscalloped, regular
256	F.5a Quad C F.5a Quad	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	RWE, edged	RWE	wide shallow curved incising, more#318 blue, scalloped, very shallow curved
257	C F.5a Quad	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	RWE, edged	RWE	incising w impressed bud brown lines w white & tan bands,
258	C F.5a Quad	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, slipware	RWE	bluish tint, more #321 brown & white lines w yellow
259	C F.5a Quad	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Bowl	Pearlware, slipware	PWE	& brown lines, London-shape brown & white lines, blue &
260	C C	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, slipware	RWE	white bands, bluish tint

261 262	F.5a Quad C F.5a Quad C	1	Ceramic Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware Tea Cup	RWE, slipware RWE, sponged	RWE	brown rim line w incised joined open diamond/cross motif blue, dense, open diamond & dot motif, thick
263	F.5a Quad C F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tableware	RWE, blue transfer	RWE	abstract/squiggle pattern bluish tint, sim pattern to teacup
264	C F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	RWE, blue transfer	RWE	#33,87,106&flatware#217
265	C F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, blue transfer	RWE	"Willow" pattern
266	C F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, blue transfer	RWE	ind't pattern abstract/floral pattern on stippled
267	C F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, blue transfer	RWE	background polychrome, purple & green,
268	C F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	RWE, other transfer	RWE	ind't pattern bright canary yellow glaze both
269	C F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, other decoration	RWE	sides, small handled vessel
270	C F.5a Quad	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.25mm thick
271	C F.5a Quad	3	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			pale-med green, 1.3mm thick
272	C F.5a Quad	3	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			pale-med green, 1.35mm thick
273	C F.5a Quad	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.4mm thick
274	C F.5a Quad	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			pale-med green, 1.5mm thick
275	C F.5a Quad	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			pale green, 1.7mm thick
276	C F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought		incomplete
277	C F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought		2", rosehead
278	C F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought		2 1/4", irregular head
279	C	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought		2 1/2", irregular flat head
280	F.5a Quad C	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought		2 7/8", irregular resehead

	F.5a Quad							
281	C F.5a Quad	24	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut	incomplete and/or corroded
282	C F.5a Quad	2	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut	incomplete, irregular head
283	C F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut	incomplete, 2-facteted head
284	C F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut	incomplete, rosehead
285	C F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut	2 1/4", rosehead
286	С	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut	2 1/4", elongated flat head incomplete and/or corroded,
287	F.5a Quad C F.5a Quad	14	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	modern, some w wood attached to shank
288	C F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	1 1/2", "modern", finishing
289	C F.5a Quad	5	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	1 1/2", "modern"
290	C F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	2 1/2", "modern" 2 7/8", "modern", wood
291	C F.5a Quad	2	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	attached to shank 3", "modern", wood
292	C F.5a Quad	2	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	attached to shank 3 3/8", "modern", wood
293	C F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	attached to shank
294	C F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous	Unassigned	Misc. Material	Wire		straight, thin
295	C F.5a Quad		Ferrous	Unassigned	Misc. Material	Strapping		curved, riveted, 1" wide
296	C F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous	Unassigned	Misc. Material	Strapping		flat, 7/8" wide incomplete, flat, slot headed
297	C	1	Ferrous	Unassigned	Misc. Hardware	Screw		wood screw 31/2"L,flat elongated spade-shp
298	F.5a Quad C F.5a Quad	1	Ferrous	Unidentified	Unidentifiable	Unidentifiable	Unidentifiable	w rnd eyehole at top&rndknob 1 side predominantly mid-size, incl. 2
299	C C	20	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone		teeth

300	F.5a Quad C F.5a Quad	2	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone			butchered, saw marks
301	C F.5a Quad	1	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Bird Bone			
302	D F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways Domestic	Ceramic Util. Ware	Jug	CEW, red glazed	CEW	dark brown glaze both sides grey paste, brown ext'r, unglazed
303	D F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Activity	General Storage	Bottle	C Stoneware, salt-glaze	CSW	int'r
304	D F.5a Quad	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW	unglazed ext'r, med brown int'r mottled clr-yellwish brown speckled
305	D F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW	glz both sides, same#199 unglzd ext'r,clr int'rwdrk brwn lines
306	D F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW	&1 wavy blw brim,same#245 red, dark brown glaze all over,
307	D	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Handles/Pulls	Fine Earthenware	RCE	tea/coffee pot handle? reddish-brown glz both sides,
308	F.5a Quad D F.5a Quad	16	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Crock	CEW, red glazed	CEW	rnded rim, slight body bulge,aprx10"D unglazed ext'r, clear, slightly
309	D F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Milk Pan	CEW, red glazed	CEW	striated int'r, apprx.14"D
310	D F.5a Quad	4	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Creamware	CCE	undecorated, late
311		5	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Refined White EW	RWE	undecorated, bluish tint
312	D F.5a Quad	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tableware	Pearlware	PWE	undecorated ind't palette, floral, peasant-
313	D F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	RWE, polychrome	RWE	style, brown, green late palette, forest green int'r rim
314	D F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	RWE, polychrome	RWE	line
315	D F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	RWE, painted	RWE	mono blue ?, rim line blue, scalloped, curved incising,
316	D F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, edged	RWE	bluish tint blue, unscalloped, very shallow
317	D F.5a Quad	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, edged	RWE	regular curved incising blue band, unscalloped, regular wide
318	P.5a Quad D	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	RWE, edged	RWE	shallow curved incising,more#256

	F.5a Quad								
319	D	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Handles/Pulls	Refined White EW	RWE	extruded handle, pitcher?
	F.5a Quad			•					, 1
320	D	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, slipware	RWE	pale blue band, lidded vessel?
	F.5a Quad								brown lines w white & tan bands,
321	D	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, slipware	RWE	bluish tint, more#258
222	F.5a Quad	1	C:-	E4	Ceramic Tableware	Elatara	Dancalain, naintad	DOD	
322	D F.5a Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Cerannic Tableware	Flatware	Porcelain, painted	POR	mono blue, ind't pattern "Willow" pattern, slightly scalloped
323	D.Ja Quad	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, blue transfer	RWE	rim
323	F.5a Quad	•	Cerume	1 ood ways	Columno Tuble ware	Tiute	KWE, olde transfer	KW E	11111
324	D	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, other transfer	RWE	red, floral/abstract motif, bluish tint
	F.5a Quad			•					
325	D	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, blue transfer	RWE	ind't floral pattern
	F.5a Quad								grayish paste,fairly brght yllw glz
326	D	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, glazed	CEW	both,more#6
227	F.5a Quad	1	Class	A 1. 24 4 1	W' - 1 - Cl	David Class			
327	D F.5a Quad	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1mm thick
328	P.3a Quad D	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.25mm thick
320	F.5a Quad	1	Glass	Arcmiceturar	Willdow Glass	Tane Glass			med green, 1.25mm thek
329	D	3	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.35mm thick
	F.5a Quad								2
330	D	3	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.4mm thick
	F.5a Quad								
331	D	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.5mm thick
222	F.5a Quad	1	CI	A 12 . 1	W. 1 C1	D C1			1 17 111
332	D E 5 a Over 4	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			pale green, 1.7mm thick
333	F.5a Quad D	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			pale green, 1.85mm thick
333	F.5a Quad	2	Glass	Architecturar	Glass	Tane Glass			pare green, 1.83mm tinek
334	D Quad	1	Glass	Foodways	Bev.Containers	Wine Bottle	Mould blown		dark olive green, curved, thick
	F.5a Quad	_							2.2.2. 2.2. 2.2 8.2.2.2, 2.2.2.2, 2.2.2.2
335	D	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought		Incomplete
	F.5a Quad								
336	D	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought		incomplete, rosehead
	F.5a Quad		_						
337	D E 5 a Over 4	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought		2 3/4", rosehead
338	F.5a Quad D	1	Forrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought		2 1/2" irragular racton gular has de
338	ע	1	Ferrous	Architectural	inalis	inail	Wrought		3 1/2", irregular rectangular headp

	F.5a Quad								
339	D D	4	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut		incomplete, roseheads
	F.5a Quad								
340	D	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut		2 3/8", ind't head
244	F.5a Quad		-		X	XX 11			
341	D E 50 Oved	9	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut		incomplete and/or corroded
342	F.5a Quad D	3	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		incomplete, early
J T 2	F.5a Quad	5	Terrous	Arcintecturar	Ivans	14411	Waciniic Cut		meompiete, earry
343	D	2	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		incomplete, "modern"
	F.5a Quad								
344	D	4	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		incomplete, "modern"
	F.5a Quad		_						incomplete, "modern", fire-
345	D	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		b reddened
346	F.5a Quad D	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		2 3/4", "modern"
340	F.5a Quad	1	Terrous	Architecturar	Ivalis	Ivan	Waciniic Cut		2 3/4 , modern
347	D D	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		4 1/4", "modern"
	F.5a Quad								incomplete, flat slot-headed wood
348	D	1	Ferrous	Unassigned	Misc. Hardware	Screw			screw
	F.5a Quad		_						iron hame fragment for buggy
349	D	1	Ferrous	Activities	Stable/Barn	Harness Tack			harness?
350	F.5a Quad D	9	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone			mid-sized
330	F.5a Quad	9	Bolle	rauliai/riorai	Dolle	Maiilliai Boile			illid-sized
351	D Quad	2	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Bird Bone			
352	F.5b	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Saucer	Refined White EW	RWE	Undecorated
353	F.5b	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	Refined White EW	RWE	Undecorated
354	F.5b	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	RWE, blue transfer	RWE	ind't pattern, bluish tint, more#423
355	F.5b	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless-pale green, 1.7mm thick
356	F.5b	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			pale green, 1.85mm thick, patinated
357	F.5b	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless, 1.95mm thick
					Unid.Glass	Unid. Bottle/			forest green, thin, curved,
358	F.5b	1	Glass	Foodways	Containers	Cont. Glass	Mould blown		more#452, 523
359	F.5b	1	Glass	Medical/Hygiene	Pharm. Containers	Bottle	Mould blown		colourless, ovoid w flat panel
360	F.5b	4	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut		incomplete and/or corroded
361	F.5b	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		incomplete, "modern"
362	F.5b	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut		1 1/2", corroded
363	F.5b	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		1 1/2", "modern"

364	F.5b	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut			3", "modern"
365	F.5b	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut			3 1/2", early
366	F.5b	2	Ferrous	Unassigned	Misc. Material	Sheet Metal				thin, fairly flat
										predominantly mid-sized, incl. 3
367	F.5b	12	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone				teeth
368	F.5b	13	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Bird Bone				
369	F.5b	1	Bone	Clothing	Fasteners	Button				plain, recessed 4-hole, 1.6cm diam.
370	F.5b	1	Bone	Clothing	Fasteners Construction	Button				flat, plain, 3-hole, 0.9cm diam.
371	F.5b	1	Brick	Architectural	Materials Construction	Sample	CEW, red unglazed	CEW		hand made
372	F.5c	4	Brick	Architectural	Materials	Sample	CEW, red unglazed	CEW		eroded
3,2	1.50	•	Direk	Themteetarar	Construction	Битрте	OL VI, Tod ungrazod	CLV		croaca
373	F.5c	1	Brick	Architectural	Materials	Sample	CEW, red unglazed	CEW		hand made
374	F.5c	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	CEW, red glazed	CEW		unglazed ext'r, dark brown int'r
375	F.5c	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tableware	Pearlware	PWE		undecorated
										early palette, floral, brown, green,
376	F.5c	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Saucer	Pearlware, polychrome	PWE		brown rim line
377	F.5c	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Lid	Whiteware, indeterminate	XWE	b	small galley-style lid fragment
378	F.5c	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass Glass	Pane Glass				colourless, 2.4mm thick
379	F.5c	2	Glass	Foodways	Bev.Containers	Wine Bottle	Mould blown			dark olive green, curved
				•						light green, hand-tooled rounded
380	F.5c	1	Glass	Medical/Hygiene	Pharm. Containers	Bottle	Mould blown			finish
381	F.5c	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought			incomplete
382	F.5c	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut			2 1/2", irregular flat round head
383	F.5c	4	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut			incomplete and/or corroded
384	F.5c	3	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut			incomplete, "modern"
385	F.5c	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut			1 5/8", "modern"
			Copper-							
386	F.5c	1	alloy	Unassigned	Misc. Hardware	Washer				approx. 1.9cm diam.
387	F.5c	5	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone				small pcs.
388	F.5c	2	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone			b	small pcs, calcined
389	F.5c	1	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Bird Bone				
200	E.5.	1	Class	Classic a	O	Danid				translucent white, 1.05cm diam.
390	F.5c	1	Glass	Clothing	Ornamentation Construction	Bead				& 0.83cm thick hand made, 1 w frog, many eroded,
391	F.6 L.1	33	Brick	Architectural	Materials	Sample	CEW, red unglazed	CEW		some evid of fire exposure
371	1.0 L.1	55	DITCK	1 Hellitectural	11141011415	Sumple	CL 17, 10d dilgidzed	CLI		some evid of the exposure

392 393 394	F.6 L.1 F.6 L.1 F.6 L.1 F.6 L.1	9 2 3	Mortar Plaster Ceramic Ceramic	Architectural Architectural Smoking	Construction Materials Construction Materials Smoking Pipes	Sample Sample White Clay, Glazed Mouth				thick pcs. w no lath marks, whitewash layers on flat surface
395		1		Smoking	Smoking Pipes	White Clay, Plain Stem			1.	
396	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Smoking	Smoking Pipes	White Clay, Plain Stem			b	
397	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Smoking	Smoking Pipes	White Clay, Plain Bowl	CEW, red			arefaliated arthumand beauty inthe
398	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	glazed	CEW		exfoliated ext'r, med brown int'r, striated buff, watery med-brown all sides, rounded ridged dome lid&hndle
399	F.6 L.1	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Tea Pot/Coffee Pot	CEW, glazed CEW, red	CEW		frag
400	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways Domestic	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	glazed C Stoneware,	CEW		dark brown glaze both sides
401	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Activity	General Storage	Bottle	salt-glaze	CSW		unglazed int'r, dark brown ext'r
402	F.6 L.1	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	Creamware	CCE		undecorated
403	F.6 L.1	4	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tableware	Pearlware Refined	PWE		undecorated
404	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tableware	White EW Refined	RWE		undecorated, bluish tint undecorated, bluish tint, scalloped
405	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	White EW	RWE		rim
406	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, plain Refined	RWE		undecorated, bluish tint
407	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	White EW Refined	RWE		undecorated, bluish tint
408	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tableware	White EW Refined	RWE		undecorated
409	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Lid	White EW Refined	RWE		undecorated, from galley-style lid
410	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	White EW Whiteware,	RWE		undecorated
411	F.6 L.1	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	indeterminate Vitrified White	XWE	b	undecorated
412	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Bowl	Earthenware VEW,	VWE		undecorated mulb,geom patt hndl,3" diam,
413	F.6 L.1	6	Ceramic	Medical/Hygiene	Grooming/Hygiene	Chamber Set	transfer	VWE	b	parallel-sides w straight rim,

							printed			ringed ftrim
414	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	RWE, moulded	RWE		more #102?, moulded maple leaf, bluish tint
414	1.0 L.1	1	Ceranne	Toodways	Ceranne Tableware	Tatware	Pearlware,	KWL		overglaze painted in red, likely
415	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	polychrome	PWE		floral
							Pearlware,			early palette, floral, brown, yellow,
416	F.6 L.1	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	polychrome	PWE		blue, min. 2 vessels
417	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, polychrome	RWE		late palette, floral, peasant-style,
417	F.0 L.1	1	Ceranne	roodways	Cerannic Tableware	nonowwate	RWE,	KWE		green
418	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	polychrome	RWE		mono blue, likely floral, bluish tint
							Pearlware,			
419	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	edged	PWE		green, scalloped, curved incising
420	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE, slipware	RWE		swirled motif, brown & white, dripped glaze, likely 2nd
420	1.0 L.1	1	Ceranne	Toodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	RWE,	KWL		late palette, thick black rim line
421	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	polychrome	RWE	b	both sides, thick
				·			RWE,			
422	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	slipware	RWE	b	brown ext'r
100	Det 1		<i>a</i> .	F 1	G : T 11	N. D.	RWE, blue	DIVE		abstract&cobweb-like line motif
423	F.6 L.1	I	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	transfer RWE, blue	RWE		on brim, bluish tint,same#354 dense dark blue floral pattern both
424	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	transfer	RWE		sides, bluish tint, more #71,87+
.2.	1.0 2.1	•	Corumic	1004,1435	Columno Tuble ware	rea cap	RWE, blue	IC VI Z		dns blurry med bl floralint'r,rural
425	F.6 L.1	3	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	transfer	RWE		lndscp ext'r,bluish tint,sauc#35?
							RWE, blue			ind't pattern, partial makers mark
426	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Flatware	transfer	RWE		on base, illegible
427	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate	RWE, other transfer	RWE		brown, landscape/floral border
428	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	Porcelain	POR		undecorated, very thin
720	1.0 L.1	1	Ceranne	1 oodways	Ceranne Tableware	Honowware	Porcelain,	TOK		undecorated, very timi
429	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	painted	POR		overglaze floral in red & blue
430	F.6 L.1	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass				med green, 1.0mm thick
431	F.6 L.1	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass				med green, 1.1mm thick
432	F.6 L.1	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass				med green, 1.35mm thick
433	F.6 L.1	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass				pale-med green, 1.5mm thick
434	F.6 L.1	3	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass				pale green, 1.55mm thick
435	F.6 L.1	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass				colourless, 1.6mm thick
436	F.6 L.1	4	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass				colourless-med green, 1.7mm thick

437	F.6 L.1	3	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless-pale green, 1.75mm thick
438	F.6 L.1	9	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless-pale green, 1.8mm thick
439	F.6 L.1	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless, 1.9mm thick, patinated
440	F.6 L.1	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless, 1.95mm thick
441	F.6 L.1	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless-pale green, 2.1mm thick
442	F.6 L.1	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless, 2.25mm thick
443	F.6 L.1	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless-pale green, 2.3mm thick
444	F.6 L.1	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless, 2.35mm thick
445	F.6 L.1	3	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			pale green, 2.4mm thick
446	F.6 L.1	3	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			pale green, 2.5mm thick
447	F.6 L.1	6	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless-pale green, 2.55mm thick
448	F.6 L.1	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass		b	colourless, 1.6mm thick, melted
449	F.6 L.1	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass		b	colourless, 2.6mm thick, melted
450	F.6 L.1	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			pale green, 1.65mm thick
451	F.6 L.1	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass		b	colourless, 1.9mm thick, melted
									forest green, thin, curved,
			~.		Unid.Glass				cylindrical,
452	F.6 L.1	8	Glass	Foodways	Containers	Bottle	Mould blown		more#358,523
152	E 6 I 1	2	Glass	Foodways	Glass Bev.Containers	Wine Bottle	Mould blown		doub alive among assured
453	F.6 L.1	3		•					dark olive green, curved
454	F.6 L.1	5	Glass	Medical/Hygiene	Pharm. Containers Unid.Glass	Bottle	Mould blown Post-bottom		colourless, ovoid
455	F.6 L.1	1	Glass	Unidentified	Containers	Unid. Bottle/Cont. Glass	mould		colourless, cylindrical
					Unid.Glass				· •
456	F.6 L.1	1	Glass	Unidentified	Containers	Unid. Bottle/Cont. Glass	Mould blown		light olive green, flat, ridged
									light green, rectang w recessed
457	E C I 1	2	Class	M. 1' - 1/II - '	Diament Constaling	Data and Datalla	M. 1111.		panels,1 side emb "LOW/M",
457	F.6 L.1	3	Glass	Medical/Hygiene	Pharm. Containers	Patent Bottle	Mould blown		"ER
458	F.6 L.1	1	Glass	Foodways	Glass Tableware	Unidentifiable	Unidentifiable		colourless, curved, ridged
459	F.6 L.1	1	Glass	Unidentified	Unidentifiable	Unidentifiable	Unidentifiable	b	melted pc. aqua, slightly domed mushroom-
460	F.6 L.1	2	Glass	Architectural	Electrical	Exterior Insulator	Glass		shp top 2 3/4"Dw constricted neck
461	F.6 L.1	6	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought		incomplete and/or corroded
							C		incomplete and/or corroded,
462	F.6 L.1	80	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut		predominantly small
			_						incomplete and/or corroded,
463	F.6 L.1	46	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut		"modern", predominantly small
464	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought		1 7/8", rosehead

								2 1/2", irregular round fairly flat
465	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought	head
466	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought	approx. 2 1/4", rosehead, clinched incomplete, irregular hand made
467	F.6 L.1	3	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut	heads
468	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut	1", irregular flat head
469	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut	1 1/4", corroded
470	F.6 L.1	4	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	1 1/4", "modern"
471	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	1 3/8", "modern"
472	F.6 L.1	5	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut	1 1/2", corroded
473	F.6 L.1	5	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	1 1/2", "modern"
474	F.6 L.1	22	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	1 3/4", early
475	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut	2 1/4", corroded
476	F.6 L.1	2	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	2 3/4", "modern"
477	F.6 L.1	4	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	3", early
478	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	3 1/8", early
479	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	3 1/4", early
480	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	4", "modern"
481	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Hand Cut	incomplete, rosehead
482	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Activities	Stable/Barn	Horseshoe Nail	Cut	incomplete
483	F.6 L.1	8	Ferrous	Unidentified Domestic	Metal Containers	Can		corroded curved sheet metal w edge folded
484	F.6 L.1	32	Ferrous	Activity	Cleaning	Bucket/Bucket Part		over thick wire, bucket rim?
485	F.6 L.1	3	Ferrous	Unassigned	Misc. Material	Strapping		thin, flat, 1/8" wide, more#538 incomplete, flat top slot head wood
486	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Unassigned	Misc. Hardware	Screw		screw
487	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Furnishings	Hardware	Key		small 2" skeleton key w oval ring rectang paddle-shp pc.1 1/4"wide w
488	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Activities	Hand Tools	Unidentifiable		tapered grooved sides, squared hndl 6 1/2", L-shaped head, thick square
489	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Other Fasteners	Spike	Cut	shank with tapered end cast stove door?,recessed centre
490	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous	Unidentified	Cooking/Heating	Stove part		panel w Greek key? motif flat disc w recessed 4-holes,
491	F.6 L.1	1	Ferrous Copper-	Clothing	Fasteners	Button		corroded,approx.1.69cm diam 1 pc.flat shank(ferrous,missing)
492	F.6 L.1	1	alloy	Clothing	Fasteners	Button		w "LA"incursive,"1"in laurel wreath
493	F.6 L.1	53	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone		predominantlytmid-sized, rodent

494	F.6 L.1	4 50	Bone	Faunal/Floral Faunal/Floral	Bone Bone	Mammal Bone Bird Bone			gnawing on many,inc.rodentmandible mid-size, butchered, saw marks incl. long bone w spur, rodent
495		30						1.	gnawing
496	F.6 L.1	1	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone		b	small pc. mostly small pcs., calcined, incl.
497	F.6 L.1	7	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone		b	tooth
498	F.6 L.1	2	Bone	Medical/Hygiene	Grooming/Hygiene	Lice Comb			fine toothed, 2-sided, 1 5/8" wide
499	F.6 L.1	1	Bone	Clothing	Fasteners	Button			plain, recessed 4-hole, 1.6cm diam.
500	F.6 L.1	1	Bone	Clothing	Fasteners	Button			plain, recessed 4-hole, 1.68cm diam.
501	F.6 L.1	1	Bone	Clothing	Fasteners	Button			plain, recessed 4-hole, incomplete
				-					plain, recessed flat off-centre 5-
700	D 4 7 4		7	C1 11		.			hole,
502	F.6 L.1	1	Bone	Clothing	Fasteners	Button	D		1.6cm diam.
503	F.6 L.1	1	Ceramic	Clothing	Fasteners	Button	Prosser Method		white, plain, recessed 4-hole, 1.06cm diam.
303	1.0 L.1	1	Cerannic	Clouding	rastellers	Button	Method		black/brown, tooth, dressing comb?,
504	F.6 L.1	1	Plastic	Medical/Hygiene	Grooming/Hygiene	Comb			celluloid?
				, ,	6 78				rounded end, blunt whittled end,
505	F.6 L.1	1	Slate	Activities	Writing	Slate Pencil			4cm long, round cross-section
					Construction		CEW, red		
506	F.6 L.2	4	Brick	Architectural	Materials	Sample	unglazed	CEW	small pcs., exfoliated
507	F.6 L.2	1	Ceramic	Smoking	Smoking Pipes	White Clay, Glazed Mouth			
5 00	E CL 2	2	G .	T 1	G : T 11	T. C	Refined	DWE	
508	F.6 L.2	2	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	White EW	RWE	undecorated, teacup handle, curved
509	F.6 L.2	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Tea Cup	Refined White EW	RWE	undecorated
307	1.0 L.2	1	Ceranne	Toodways	Ceranne Tableware	rea cup	RWE, blue	KWL	abstract/squiggle motif on dotted
510	F.6 L.2	4	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Plate, Dinner	transfer	RWE	backgrnd rim, geometric shp, mend
511	F.6 L.2	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.2mm thick
512	F.6 L.2	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			med green, 1.35mm thick
513	F.6 L.2	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless, 1.75mm thick
514	F.6 L.2	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			pale green, 2.2mm thick
515	F.6 L.2	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless-pale green, 2.35mm thick
516	F.6 L.2	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless-pale green, 2.4mm thick
517	F.6 L.2	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			pale green, 2.4mm thick
518	F.6 L.2	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass			colourless, 2.55mm thick
									•

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519	F.6 L.2	1	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass		colourless, 2.6mm thick
520	F.6 L.2	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass		pale green, 1.7mm thick
521	F.6 L.2	3	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass		colourless-pale green, 1.85mm thick
522	F.6 L.2	2	Glass	Architectural	Window Glass	Pane Glass		colourless, 1.9mm thick
			~-		Glass	-		forest grn,cylndrcl,hnd-tooledneck
523	F.6 L.2	13	Glass	Foodways	Bev.Containers	Bottle	Mould blown	&finishingtool,dwntooled,more#358
524	F.6 L.2	27	Glass	Medical/Hygiene	Pharm. Containers	Pharmaceutical Bottle	Mould blown	lght grn,emb lettersonfrnt&sides incl"AYER'S/RY/"fintool,rd
525	F.6 L.2	1	Glass	Unidentified	Unidentifiable	Unidentifiable	Unidentifiable b	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
526	F.6 L.2	2	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought	incomplete, 1 clinched
527	F.6 L.2	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought	incomplete, rosehead
527 528	F.6 L.2	40	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut	incomplete and/or corroded
328	F.0 L.2	40	remous	Architectural	Ivalis	Ivan	Cut	incomplete and/or corroded,
529	F.6 L.2	5	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	"modern"
530	F.6 L.2	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Wrought	2 1/2", rosehead
531	F.6 L.2	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut	1 1/4", corroded
532	F.6 L.2	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut	1 3/8", corroded
533	F.6 L.2	8	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut	1 1/2", corroded
534	F.6 L.2	5	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	1 1/2", early
535	F.6 L.2	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	2 1/4", early
536	F.6 L.2	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut	2 1/2", corroded
537	F.6 L.2	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	2 3/4", early
538	F.6 L.2	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	2 7/8", "modern"
539	F.6 L.2	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	3", early
540	F.6 L.2	5	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Machine Cut	1 3/4", likely early
541	F.6 L.2	1	Ferrous	Unassigned	Misc. Material	Sheet Metal		, y y
			Copper-	Ü				
542	F.6 L.2	1	alloy	Unassigned	Misc. Material	Strapping		thin, flat, slightly tapered,
543	F.6 L.2	9	Ferrous	Unassigned	Misc. Material	Strapping		thin, flat, 1/8" wide, more#485
								flat,1"wide w2 flat slot-headed
								wood
511	E C L O	1	F	111	Mar Marala	Games and a second		screws, wood adhered to
544	F.6 L.2	1	Ferrous	Unassigned	Misc. Material	Strapping		back&shnks tablespoon bowl, likely Britannia
545	F.6 L.2	1	Metal	Foodways	Utensils	Spoon		metal
5 15	1.0 1.2	1	1,10,111	1 ood mays	Consiis	Spoon		1816 Brock token,monument
			Copper-					obverse,
546	F.6 L.2	1	alloy	Personal	Currency	Token	1810-1819	1816 reverse

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547	F.6 L.2	13	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone			small pcs., incl tooth & rodent mandible
548	F.6 L.2	19	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone			b mid-lrg
549	F.6 L.2	5	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Mammal Bone			b small pcs., calcined
550	F.6 L.2	7	Bone	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Bird Bone			
551	F.6 L.2	3	Eggshell	Faunal/Floral	Bone	Eggshell			
552	F.6 L.2	1	Ceramic	Smoking	Smoking Pipes	White Clay, Plain Bowl			
							CEW, red		unglazed ext'r, clear int'r w 2 white
553	F.2b	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Util. Ware	Hollowware	glazed	CEW	lines?
									early palette, likely floral, green,
							Pearlware,		blue
554	F.2b	1	Ceramic	Foodways	Ceramic Tableware	Hollowware	polychrome	PWE	rim line
555	F.2b	1	Ferrous	Architectural	Nails	Nail	Cut		2 1/8", corroded

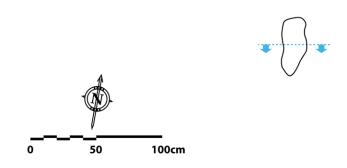
APPENDIX B: ABSTRACT INDEX TO DEEDS

Instrument	Dated	Registered	From	To	Acres	
Patent 5 Oct 1808			Crown	James Thompson	200	
Will	21 July 1846	11 March 1847	James Thompson	his son James W., his son Alexander	E ½ W ½	
B&S in Trust	15 Jan 1855	29 Jan 1856	James W. Thompson & wife	Benjamin Thompson	100 E ½	
B&S	20 Jan 1855	29 Jan 1856	Archibald Thompson & wife	James W. Thompson	100 W ½	
B&S	20 Jan 1855	29 Jan 1856			100 SE ½	
B&S	10 July 1855	8 July 1856	James W. Thompson & wife	Darvish McDuffie	50 NW ½	
B&S	20 March 1856	8 April 1858	James W. & Archibald Thompson		100	
Mortgage	16 March 1858	28 Sept 1858	James W Thompson	James Appelbe	100 S ½ (?)	
Dis. Of Mortgage	1 Nov 1860	13 Dec 1860	James Appelbe	James W. Thompson	100 S ½ (?)	
	1 Nov 1860	19 June 1861	James W. Thompson & wife	Darvish McDuffie	50 SW 1/4	
Mortgage	1 Nov 1862	3 Nov 1862	James W. Thompson & wife	James Appelbe	50 NE ½	
B & Sale	22 June 1869	26 July 1869	James W. Thompson & wife	Neil A. Thompson	100 E ½	
Mortgage	7 Aug 1869	13 Aug 1869	Neil A Thompson	Elizabeth A Boice, wife of William Boice	100 E ½	
Mortgage	14 Aug 1869	18 Aug 1869	Neil A Thompson	James W Thompson	100 E ½	
Dis. Of Mortgage	18 Aug 1869	11 Jan 1870	James Appelbe	Neil A Thompson	50 NE ½	
Dis. Of Mortgage	5 April 1872	16 May 1872	James Walter Thompson	Neil Alexander Thompson	100 E ½	
B& Sale	5 April 1872	18 May 1872	Neil Alexander Thompson	Horace Cline	100 E ½	
Mortgage	1 June 1872 19 June 1872 Horace Cline Neil Alexander & wife Thompson			100 E ½		
Asst. of 2 Aug 1872 Mortgage		9 Aug 1872	Neil Alexander Thompson	John Young & George Ludlow Papps, Trustees under Will of George James Forster	100 E ½	

APPENDIX C: FEATURE DRAWINGS

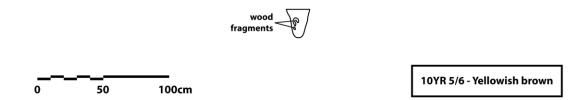
Thompson Site Feature 1

Plan View

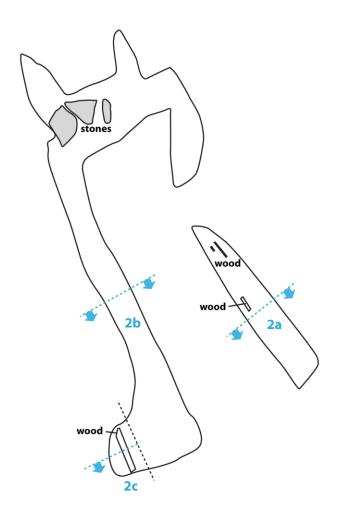


10YR 5/6 - Yellowish brown

Profile View

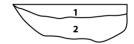


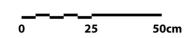
Plan View





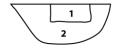
2a Profile View (South Facing)

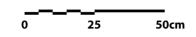




- 1 10YR 4/4 Dark yellowish brown
- 2 10YR 4/6 Dark yellowish brown

2b Profile View (South Facing)

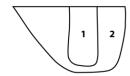


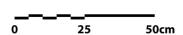


1 - 7.5YR 4/3 - Brown

2 - 7.5YR 5/6 - Strong brown

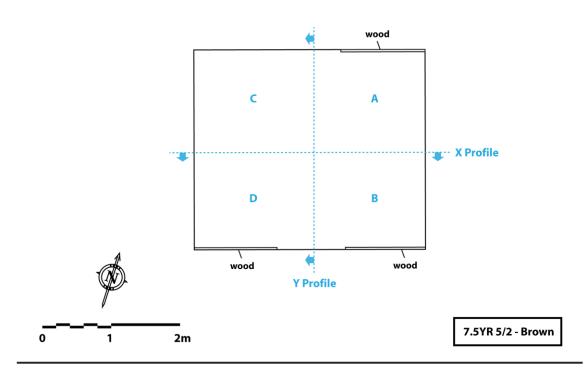
2c Profile View (South Facing)



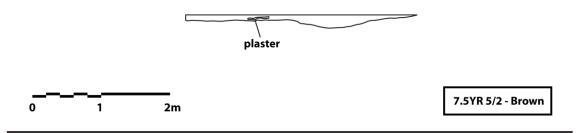


- 1 10YR 3/4 Dark yellowish brown
- 2 10YR 5/6 Yellowish brown

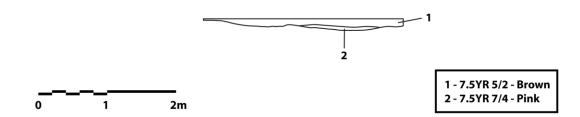
Plan View

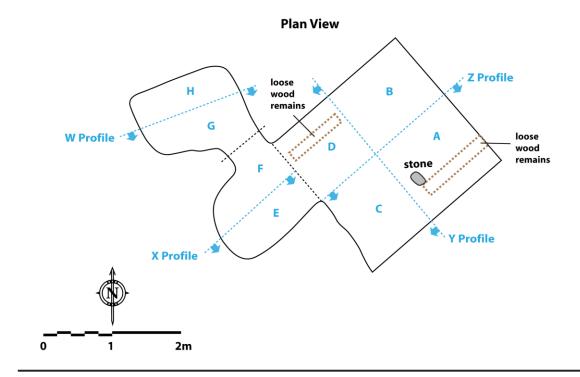


X Profile View (South Facing)

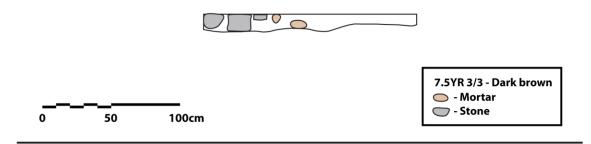


Y Profile View (West Facing)

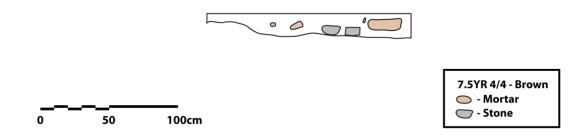




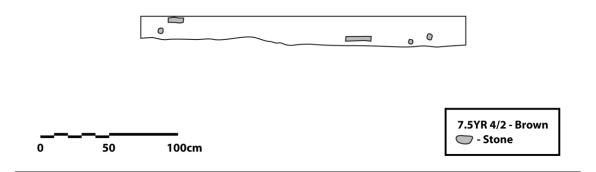
W Profile View (South Facing)



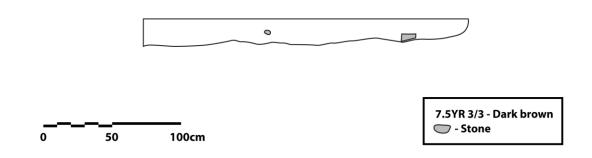
X Profile View (South Facing)



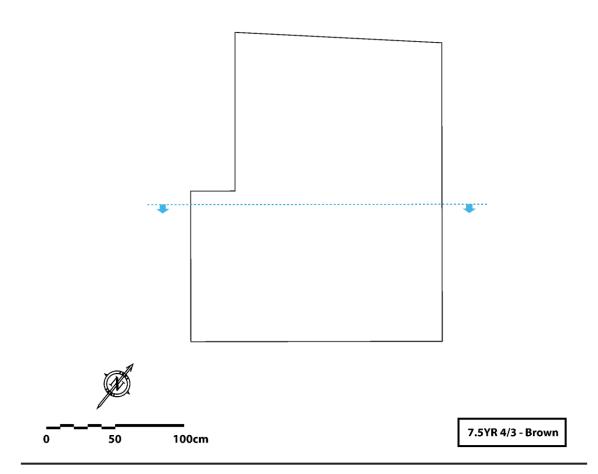
Y Profile View (West Facing)



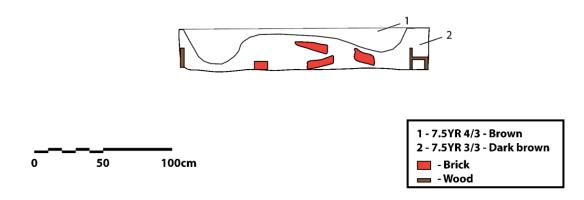
Z Profile View (South Facing)



Plan View



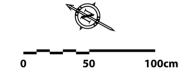
Profile View (South Facing)



Thompson Site Feature 7 **Plan View** 10YR 2/2 - Very dark brown 50 100cm **Profile View** 10YR 2/2 - Very dark brown 50 100cm **Thompson Site** Feature 8 **Plan View** 10YR 4/3 - Brown 100cm 50 **Profile View** 10YR 4/3 - Brown **5**0 100cm

Plan View

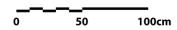




5YR 3/2 - Dark reddish brown

Profile View





5YR 3/2 - Dark reddish brown

APPENDIX D: PLATES

- Plate 1: View of topsoil stripping of the Thompson Site
- **Plate 2:** Excavation of Feature 6
- **Plate 3:** Excavation of Feature 5
- Plates 4-5: Feature 1 Plan and Profile
- Plates 6-9: Feature 2 Plan and Profiles 2A, 2B, and 2B wood.
- Plates 10-14: Feature 4 Plan and Profiles Quad A and Quad D.
- Plates 15-21: Feature 5 Plan and Profiles Quads A, D, E, and G.
- Plates 22-24: Feature 6 Plan and Profiles
- Plates 25-26: Feature 7 Plan and Profile
- Plates 27: Feature 8 Profile
- Plates 28: Feature 9 Profile
- Plates 29-30: Ceramic and Earthenware artifacts
- **Plate 31:** Nail artifacts
- Plate 32: Coin artifact
- **Plate 33:** Glass artifacts
- Plate 34: Metal cutlery artifacts
- Plate 35: Faunal artifacts
- Plate 36: Personal artifacts



Plate 1



Plate 2



Plate 3



Plate 4



Plate 5



Plate 6



Plate 7



Plate 8



Plate 9



Plate 10



Plate 11



Plate 12



Plate 13



Plate 14



Plate 15



Plate 16



Plate 17



Plate 18



Plate 19



Plate 20



Plate 21



Plate 22



Plate 23



Plate 24



Plate 25



Plate 26



Plate 27



Plate 28



Plate 29



Plate 30



Plate 31



Plate 32



Plate 33



Plate 34



Plate 35



Plate 36